

# THE WAYNE HERALD.

Twenty-Third Year.

WAYNE, WAYNE COUNTY, NEBRASKA, APRIL 14, 1898.

Number 10.

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REPUBLICAN LEADING AND OFFICIAL PAPER OF WAYNE AND WAYNE COUNTY - REPUBLICAN.

Subscription \$1.00 in Advance.



A Complete Line of this Celebrated Childrens Clothing from \$1.35 to \$4.

Also a new line of Men's and Youths' Suits from \$3.00 to \$10.00. Ask to see them.

## The Racket,

AGENTS FOR  
**W.L. DOUGLAS SHOES**  
BEST IN THE WORLD.

### WAR INEVITABLE!

That is the situation existing today. The House passed the intervention resolution yesterday by an almost unanimous vote, in accordance with the suggestions contained in President McKinley's message. The flying squadron has departed from Virginia Beach under sealed orders. Ere the arrival of another publication day of the HERALD war will have begun, unless Spain backs down.

#### NEWS OF A WEEK.

**Court week.**  
The Racket for Clothing.  
The Racket for Mens' Shirts, 50c, up.  
See Miss Wilkinson for fine millinery.  
F. J. Bennett was in Sioux City Monday.  
All the latest styles in metal belts at Mines.  
Ed Taylor went to Sidney, Iowa, this morning.  
Ted Perry went to Omaha Sunday afternoon.  
Ed. Smith was a passenger for Chicago on Saturday.  
The finest line of Salt Fish at D. H. Sullivan's Grocery.  
Thos. Lound of Winside, is attending court this week.  
Otto Voget for tinware and granite-ware. Prices low.  
Home made candy and cigars at the Democrat news depot.  
Chas. Turner arrived from Minneapolis Tuesday morning.  
Miss Lucy Buffington went to Emerson Tuesday afternoon.  
Horseshoe-Mustard! Just the thing for table use, at P. L. Miller's.  
W. S. Brown of Webster City, Iowa, was in the city on business yesterday.  
Miss Effie Wallace returned from her Sioux City visit last Thursday evening.  
Supply yourself with Candies for Easter from Epler & Co's. new assortment.  
Rev. Samuel Jones, R. D. Merrill and Samuel Williamson were down from Carroll yesterday.  
R. E. Tabor has 400 bushels of fine potatoes for sale. See his ad on the last page of THE HERALD.  
Rev. Bithell goes to Laurel today where he will deliver his lecture on "Sunshine," this evening.  
Sam Barley went up to Carroll again yesterday to do some carpenter work in that part of the county.  
Easter Sunday was a beautiful day. It failed to rain and the famous Easter bonnet was visible everywhere.  
For first class tinware and granite-ware see Otto Voget, first door east of Furbur, Duerig & Co. on Third Street.  
The largest and best stock of Foot-wear in Wayne county at prices that will please you. Maute's Shoe Store.  
Robt. Mellor is building an addition to the house on his farm south of town. Sit Reives and Sam Barley have been doing the work.  
A. Jett went to Norfolk Monday evening to meet with the program committee of the district Epworth League, and arrange for the convention to be held at Dakota City in June.  
The publisher of any paper in North-east Nebraska who fails to be represented at the press association meeting at Emerson Friday April 22, without a reasonable excuse should be compelled to at once enlist in the navy, with or without forethought.  
At the meeting of the Council on Monday evening the election returns were canvassed with the result as given in last week's HERALD. The marshal was instructed to notify the owners of the different stock yards south of the track to clean up, which will be a strong move.

New Styles in Millinery at Miss H. Wilkinson's.  
Finest line of cigars in town at the Democrat news depot.  
A car load of Early Ohio Seed Potatoes at Brookings.  
Garden and flower seeds, and seed sweet potatoes at Epler & Co's.  
Call at Miller's Star Grocery for the best canned goods on the market.  
Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Gue of Winside, were in the city on Tuesday attending court.  
The band boys use the court parlors of the palace de jure when they practice these days.  
See the new horseradish-mustard at P. L. Miller's. It is put up in bottles all ready for use. Try a bottle.  
Miss Mae Phillips, who has been holding meetings at Winside the past two weeks visited with friends in Wayne this week.  
C. H. Batkins, representing the Knights of the Forest was in Wayne Tuesday and went up to Winside where he expects to organize a lodge.  
Col. E. P. Richardson, representing the University of the Traveling Library is in Wayne this week endeavoring to induce our citizens to put in a library.  
A lady experienced in dress making and plain sewing desires work in private families. Call at Mrs. W. B. Hughes or address Miss Harding Jones.  
Two of those mostly interested in the persecution of Ex-County Clerk S. B. Russell have purchased farms recently. Where did they get their money?  
Since the rain Tuesday vegetation has made wonderful strides. In fact all nature has begun to assume its bright spring dress, and no Easter bonnet is half so fair.  
Children like it, it saves their lives. We mean One Minute Cough Cure, the infallible remedy for coughs, bronchitis, colds, croup, grippe and all throat and lung troubles.—L. P. Orth.  
Subject of the morning service at the Presbyterian church next Sabbath is "The Transient versus the Permanent." In the evening the second lecture on "Joseph and His Times" will be given.  
A couple of traveling photographers were in Wayne Monday taking pictures of numerous residences throughout the city. They will perhaps be around in a few weeks endeavoring to sell the pictures.  
H. G. Maute, the ever enterprising boot and shoe dealer, has constructed a miniature vessel, which is placed on exhibition in one of his store windows. It is an expert piece of work, showing remarkable mechanical skill, and is a fine advertising card, as it attracts a great deal of attention. It represents the Maine.  
E. E. Ketchum of Sioux City, has patented a new corn planter tension called the check rower regulator, which, it is said, is almost indispensable to a corn planter. Mr. Ketchum has placed them on exhibition at Phillee & Son's. Call and see if it is not just what you are looking for.  
Leslie Crockett who has been very sick and confined to his bed for so long was pleasantly surprised last Saturday afternoon by Mrs. Bithell's Sunday school class. The little folks gave him some very pretty Easter eggs, flowers, and other articles and did what they could to make Easter as pleasant for the poor little sufferer as possible.  
With one of the best Normal colleges in the state, a fine system of water works, a telephone exchange that is a credit to any city, and a first-class electric light plant which will soon be put in, Wayne ought to feel pretty good, thank you. It's a big start. With a \$60,000 court house and a best sugar factory for future improvements the outlook for our city is about as bright as the most loyal citizen could ask.  
Clarion, Ia., Democrat: C. Harrington of Wayne, Neb., has purchased the E. O. Hanson hardware and implement store, and taken possession. Mr. Harrington presents some recommendations as a business gentleman, upright, honest and liberal, that are hard to discount. He will enlarge the hardware stock some and put in a complete stock of latest improved farm implements. We feel justified in quoting one of Mr. Harrington's remarks, which was to the effect that he had traveled all over the state for some time for a desirable location, but none seemed to meet his expectancy as much as Clarion did. He made three trips here before making the purchase the last one fully decided the question of location. Mr. Harrington is a young unmarried gentleman and we predict he will be a valuable addition to the "bachelors" of Clarion. Mr. Hanson as yet has not determined anything definite as to his further movements. The Democrat wishes both the incoming and outgoing proprietors prosperity.

Sweet potatoes of the best varieties at Brookings.  
Halibut, Salmon, Mackerel, etc. at Epler & Co's.  
Wm. Sosuneken and family went to Reshki's Saturday.  
Gold and silver belts 25c. to \$3 each; Mines' Jewelry Store.  
Mr. and Mrs. T. A. Berry drove over to Ponca Saturday where Mrs. Berry will visit for several days.  
Rev. B. B. Young went down to Stanton Saturday and organized a Sunday school south of that place.  
Mrs. Byrne and Mrs. Brown of Hartington, sister and mother of Mrs. Fred Stockwell, are visiting with her.  
P. L. Miller was called to Wisconsin on Saturday by telegram announcing the dangerous illness of his father.  
The subject of the morning sermon at the M. E. church is the "Samaritan." In the evening Rev. Bithell will begin a series of sermons on Methodism, the first one being "Why I am a Methodist."  
F. A. Dearborn pleasantly entertained a few of his gentlemen friends on Saturday evening. The Wayne quartette rendered some excellent music which greatly appreciated by the guests assembled.  
Prof. U. S. Conn and all of the teachers of the Wayne public schools except Miss Brown, also Misses Abbie Manning and Mamie Wallace, went to Soo City on Sunday to visit the public schools of that city the following day, seeking further knowledge in the manner of conducting schools and in the science of teaching. They returned on Monday evening, highly pleased with their visit.  
An effort is being made to secure for this part of the state a pension examining board, and will no doubt be successful unless a contest should arise over who should constitute the board. An examining board should sit in Ponca so that our boys need not be put to the expense of a trip to Norfolk or Yankton or any other seaport town.—Ponca Gazette.  
The Gazette is mistaken; Wayne has one of the best boards in the state; try it and see.  
At last the much needed rain came beginning early Tuesday morning and continuing throughout the day. It was a beauty and the most essential thing that could have happened at this time, for some of the farmers say that the wheat in a few places was being uncovered by the high winds. However the question is now settled and the wheat crop will shoot forth in all its magnitude, for its no small thing in Wayne county this year.  
Next Saturday evening is to be a memorable one in the history of the Nebraska Normal College of Wayne. The music class of the college under the direction of their efficient instructor, Miss Nellie Stewart, will give a musicale. During the evening the new dormitory will be opened with appropriate exercises, at the close of which many of the business men of the city will lunch with the faculty and students. A cordial invitation is extended to every body to attend the musical.  
Saturday morning Ben Elliott set fire to an old straw stack which he wanted to burn up, and shortly after a strong wind came up and made things rather interesting for the neighborhood for some time. The fire got beyond Mr. Elliott's control and he had to summon the neighbors to help him extinguish it. An old corn crib and the cobs from about a thousand bushels of corn were burned, and it was only by the hardest kind of work that the house and buildings belonging to Jno. Gustafson were saved.  
The Methodist church will give something over \$214 for missions this year, a collection for that purpose being taken last Sunday. Of this amount the Sunday school will give \$89.00. The collection at Sunday school in the morning was over \$82 which is pretty good for such a poor, down trodden and stingy class of people as some parties claim Wayne is afflicted with. The above amount does not include the money given by the Womens' Home Missionary Society, which will be about \$100.  
The "Old Maid's Convention" given at the opera house last Thursday night by the King's Daughters, was largely attended and was one of the most laughable entertainments given in Wayne for some time. Mrs. Dan Harrington acted as chairman, and as the roll was called by the secretary, Miss Laura Holtz, each member responded with a quotation on man. Frank Nangle—manipulated the machine which transformed the old maids into charming young ladies who entertained the audience with songs and recitations. The two songs by little Freda Ellis were alone worth the price of admission. The proceeds of the convention, which amounted to about \$40, will be used for the relief of suffering Cubans.

#### FIRE ALARMS.

Saturday about noon the fire bell pealed forth its warning notes, and the firemen assembled only to find that the fire had been extinguished. Robt. Utter's boy had set a fire to some rubbish at the rear of the store contrary to his father's orders and sparks from it set fire to a manure pile near Fred Hinrichs barn. Luckily it was extinguished before getting much of a start as the wind was blowing a fierce gale.

Sunday morning the people were aroused about six o'clock by the fire bell and in a very short time the firemen had their apparatus at the home of R. C. Osborn where fire had caught from the chimney and had made its way over most of the roof of the south L. The fire was soon under control, but not until a little damage had been done. Mr. Osborn's loss amounts to about \$200, with about the same loss on the building.

#### BACHELOR MAIDS.

The "Bachelor Girls" of Wayne may find some consolation in the following, taken from the Chicago Times-Herald: "Young women who assume the title of bachelor are considered especially modern and modest. Yet the term was applied customarily to them in the time of 'rare Ben Jonson.' The poet himself so used it in his plays. Bachelor is derived from the Welsh word bach, which means 'small, little, young.' The kindred Welsh word baches means a pretty little woman. Therefore the brisk bachelor maids of today do not ape their brothers, but go daintily tripping down the centuries in the footsteps of those fair bachelors who coquetted with the gallants of the Elizabethan court.

Wear Maute's Shoes.  
T. B. Heckert, Dentist, over Miller's. Brookings is the place to get apples. Maple Syrup 20c. a bottle at Sullivan's.  
A car load of Early Ohio seed potatoes at Brookings.  
Mrs. R. B. Crawford returned from Chicago Tuesday evening.  
Oatmeal waffles, Graham waffles—FRESH—at Epler & Co's.  
A. F. Brenner and Chas. Turner went to Sioux City this morning.  
Dr. Macomber of Norfolk, was in Wayne on business Tuesday.  
Gold and silver, enamelled and jeweled belts at Mines' Jewelry Store.  
When you want to save money on Groceries, telephone No. 25. Sullivan.  
Hundreds of yards of Carpet are being sold these days at Harrington & Robbins.  
Two traveling song and dance men of the colored persuasion were doing the saloons Monday.  
A torpid liver robs you of ambition and ruins your health. DeWitt's Little Early Risers cleanse the liver, cure constipation and all stomach and liver troubles.—L. P. Orth.  
In the very near future Mayor Ley expects to have the electric light bonds ready for sale and as soon as sold work on the plant will begin.  
P. J. Samuelson from the east part of the county, was in Wayne Monday. He is suffering with a badly wounded hand which he accidentally got caught in a feed grinder about two weeks ago.  
Thirty-five years make a generation. That is how long Adolph Fisher, Zanesville, O., suffered from piles. He was cured by using three boxes of DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. L. P. Orth.  
MARRIED:—At the Presbyterian parsonage, Tuesday, April 12th, 1898, Rev. D. C. Montgomery officiating, Samuel Hood and Miss Bertha Wadsworth, daughter of F. F. Wadsworth of this city. The happy couple left on the afternoon train for Red Oak, Ia., where Mr. Hood is engaged in business. The well wishes of Wayne friends go with them.  
The Quarterly Reading feature of the University of the Traveling Library recommends itself to every person who desires to improve his education. It has been aptly called by some of our leading educators The New Catawauqua. The Herald trusts that Col. Richardson who is in the city in the interests of establishing a local branch, will be successful in his undertaking.  
From a private letter of Rev. F. J. Tower to his parents we print some extracts, showing his work at Glidden, Ia., which may be interesting to his friends in Wayne as well as encouraging church people generally. At their congregational meeting March 29, 1898, the Presbyterian church reported as follows: Contributed to Boards during the church year—Foreign missions \$60; Home missions \$81; Church erection \$8; Education \$1; Ministerial relief \$5; Freedmen \$1; Aid for Colleges \$20; Publication and S. S. work \$19; General Assessment Tax \$21.26; Miscellaneous \$27; Congregational expenses \$1331; Total \$1592.26. All debts paid and money in treasury of the church, Enrollment in S. S. 170, average attendance 122; Y. P. S. C. 66 active and 4 associate members, 30 Juniors. Membership of church 154; added during his pastorate of 22 months there, 75; 35 on profession of faith and 7 by letter.

**WE SELL THE BEST LINE HATS CAPS GLOVES & STRAW GOODS**  
EVER SHOWN IN THIS MARKET  
CORRECT STYLES MODERATE PRICES RELIABLE IN QUALITY  
ALL THE NEW NOBBY SHAPES AND COLORS FOR MEN BOYS & CHILDREN  
MANUFACTURED EXPRESSLY FOR  
**Harrington & Robbins**

#### House Cleaning Time.

See how cheap we can sell you a new carpet before putting down the old one.  
**HARRINGTON & ROBBINS.**  
FOR SALE.  
Eagle Lister, very little worn. Enquire of E. J. Nangle.  
The Racket for Walking Shoes.  
J. J. Tracy was down from Winside Tuesday.  
Call at Miss Wilkinson's for the latest designs in Millinery.  
A large crowd was in attendance at Germania hall last Sunday.  
C. B. French Jr. of Sioux City was in Wayne Tuesday and yesterday attending court.  
Engineer Coyle was flushing the water mains yesterday, and cleaning out the stand-pipe.  
H. F. Wilson and Robt Mellor received from Nevada, Iowa, yesterday, two Shetland ponies for their boys.  
Perry & Porterfield are the boys who know their business and realize a profit in feeding. They realized \$450 per hundred for a car load of fat heifers on the Omaha market Monday.  
The Cuban relief train which left Omaha last Thursday was comprised of 22 car loads of the necessities of life contributed by the citizens of Nebraska. It will be transferred to a vessel at New York City and sent to Matanzas to feed the starving reconcentrados.  
The day has gone past when it is necessary to tell an intelligent community that they need a library. The only question is how can one be established and maintained? This question has been solved by the University of the Traveling Library, and Col. E. P. Richardson is now in our city for the purpose of explaining their system and establishing a branch of their library.

**50 Pairs New Lace Curtains** just in at Harrington & Robbins.  
**8 lbs of Extra Good Coffee** at P. L. Miller's for only \$1.  
Get maple syrup at Brookings.  
The Racket for Neat Shoe Repairing.  
The Racket for Childrens' Shoes.  
Garden Seeds of every variety at P. L. Miller's Grocery.  
New spring Wraps, Capes and Dress Skirts just in at Ahern's.  
Step in and see the elegant line of Glassware and Chinaware at P. L. Miller's. You will be surprised at the low prices.  
FOR RENT:—The store room vacated by W. B. Brookings, first door east of Roe & Fortner's. Inquire at the First National Bank.  
It is a great leap from the old fashioned doses of blue mass and nauseous physios to the pleasant little pills known as DeWitt's Little Early Risers. They cure constipation, sick headache and biliousness.—L. P. Orth.  
"I feel it my duty to give you a truthful statement of what Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy did," writes J. S. Collins of Moore, S. C. "I had a child about two years old that had the diarrhoea for two months. I tried all the best known remedies, but none gave the least relief. When this remedy came to hand, I gave it as directed, and in two days the child was completely cured." Sold by L. P. Orth.

#### The Markets for To-Day.

Wheat	80	Oats	20
Corn	18	Flax	20
Butter	11	Eggs	68
Cattle	4.00	Hogs	3.30

#### FOR SALE.

I have left for sale three horses and a few cows and heifers that were not settled for at the recent sale. A. B. Clark.  
**Seed Potatoes!**  
Pure Early Ohio Seed Potatoes FOR SALE. Address or call on, W. L. FISHER, Wayne, Neb.

## Carpets?

A full line of the new Spring Samples just received this week. See us before you place your order for CARPETS and CURTAINS.

## Ahern.

### Typewriting!

I am prepared at all times to do all kinds of typewriting work, copying, etc. Charges very reasonable.  
EVERETT LAUGHLIN, Wayne, Neb.

### Spectacles and Eye-Glasses.

Colored Glasses and Goggles Properly Fitted at Reasonable Prices by  
**J. F. INGALLS, JEWELER.**  
S. H. Alexander. Everett Laughlin.  
**THE WAR**  
**Between Spain and the United States**  
Will not lessen our ability to sell you wheels cheaper than anyone else, Quality Considered.  
1897 Phoenix at \$42.00  
1898 Phoenix at \$60 and 45.00  
1898 Pattee at \$35.00  
Sundries Cheaper than the Cheapest.  
**Phoenix Cycle Co.,**  
WAYNE, NEBRASKA.  
**Here We Are With Bargains Again**  
Goods coming in daily from New York, which were bought by Wm. Sosuneken at cut prices. We have a fine line of mens' single Vests from 50c. up. Boys' knee pants, 1-14 years, 15c. Extra good Mens' Suits at \$3.25. Also a fine line of Dress Goods below wholesale price. Come and see them at  
**ROBERT HEFT'S**

MESSAGE IS SENT IN

CONGRESS RECEIVES LONG EXPECTED COMMUNICATION.

Favors Intervention to Terminate Hostilities and Asks Discretionary Authority—Opposes Recognition of Present Cuban Government.

The President's Message. President McKinley has sent his long expected message on the Cuban question to congress. The message begins with a statement that under the pretext of the constitution the president must from time to time inform congress on the state of the union. It becomes his duty to address that body in regard to the grave crisis which has arisen in the relations of the United States and Spain by reason of the warfare that for more than three years has raged in the neighboring island of Cuba.

The message asks congress to authorize the president to take measures to secure the termination of hostilities in Cuba, and secure the establishment of a stable government there, and the use of the military and naval forces of the United States, as may be necessary for the purpose.

The president says the only hope of relief from a condition which cannot longer be endured is enforced pacification of the island. This issue is now with congress and he awaits its action, standing prepared to carry out every obligation imposed on him by the constitution.

Spain's desire for the suspension of hostilities is submitted to congress for just and careful attention, with the observation that if the measure attains a successful result, "Then our aspirations as a peace loving people will be realized. If it fails it will only be another justification for our contemplated action."

The Maine incident figures prominently in the message. The president argues that the wreck of the Maine in Havana harbor shows Spain is not able to guarantee security to foreign vessels. Spain has disavowed any connection with the disaster and offered to submit to arbitration all the differences which may arise from the affair.

The president favors intervention to terminate the hostilities and asks discretionary authority, but opposes recognition of the present Cuban government.

DESERTERS RETURN TO DUTY

Sailors Give Themselves Up and Will Serve Out Old Terms.

At the receiving ship Vermont twenty-five deserters have been taken from the ship's prison and restored to duty. They had all been out of the service two years, but when the probability of war arose had given themselves up. Under a recent order of the secretary of the navy they have been restored to duty and will serve out their original terms of enlistment. This is the first act of its kind in the history of the service. Victor Albizu, a Spaniard, who was on the Dolphin and who was removed to the Vermont, will be honorably discharged from the service.

WIFE MURDERER TO HANG.

Gov. Tanner Refuses to Interfere in Chris Merry's Case.

Wife Murderer Chris Merry, sentenced to hang in Chicago, has been informed that Governor Tanner has refused to again interfere in his case. Merry in all probability will die on the gallows April 22. "I guess I'm ready to go," said Merry when informed of the governor's decision. "It will all be over in a minute, and if I went to jail it would take all my life. But I'll tell you it's sort of hard to pass the whole thing up so quick."

NO HOPE FOR GLADSTONE.

Disease Will Eat Into His Brain and Cause Death.

There is little encouragement in the news from Haverdard. The eminent physicians who have in hand the care of the Grand Old Man look for the end within seven or eight weeks. In that time the disease will have eaten into the brain and ended the life of the great liberal statesman. In a younger man the consequences of his affliction would probably be instantly, but in Gladstone's case it can only be death.

Scott Makes an Apology.

The controversy between Clement Scott, the dramatic critic of London, England, and the theatrical people of that part of the world, arising from Scott's reflections upon the virtues of actresses, in an interview in December last, has been settled by an abject apology upon the part of Scott.

It is believed that Sir Henry Irving will accept the apology and that the matter will be allowed to drop. The controversy had grown in bitterness, the managers combining to keep Scott out of their theaters, while dozens of appealing and threatening letters were sent to the Daily Telegraph, by which paper Scott is employed, asking for his discharge.

United States District Judge.

United States Judge John B. Rector of the northern district of Texas, who has been insane for two years and unable to occupy the bench, died at his home in Austin Monday night.

Butterine Law Knocked Out.

The circuit court at Chicago has decided that the manufacturers of butterine have the constitutional right to color their product yellow in imitation of butter. This in effect annuls the butterine law passed by the last Illinois legislature.

Miss Willard's Body Cremated.

In accordance with her frequently expressed wish the body of Frances E. Willard was cremated in Chicago Saturday. The ceremony of incineration was kept secret to avoid the presence of a curious crowd.

ARMISTICE GRANTED.

Government Informed of the Decree and Its Terms.

The Spanish government, through its minister at Washington, Senor Polo, delivered an important official document to the state department Sunday stating that the armistice which the queen regent of Spain had commanded Gen. Blanco to proclaim Monday was without conditions, that her majesty's government had granted liberal institutions to the island of Cuba which the coming Cuban parliament would develop; recalling the condolence and sympathy expressed by the regent and her government on the disaster of the Maine and the horror this disaster had occasioned in Spanish hearts, and appealing to the courtesy and sense of justice of the United States government to enlighten public opinion on the attitude of Spain. The note also repeats the offer of the Spanish government to submit the Maine question to experts designated by the maritime powers of the world.

This document was the official notification of the Spanish government to the United States of the granting of an armistice and its essential terms. Minister Woodford's dispatch Saturday night had briefly stated the fact that an armistice had been agreed upon, but it was not communicated as coming from the Spanish government. The communication cleared up misapprehension on the most vital point of Spain's concessions, namely, that the armistice was without conditions.

Senor Quesada of the junta declared that the armistice was simply a Spanish trick designed to create the impression that the insurgents were unresistant. From his standpoint nothing short of independence will satisfy the Cubans. It remains to be seen how far Gen. Gomez and the insurgents in the field entertain this view. If they also reject this armistice, Spain is not likely to continue the truce and the resort to arms will continue.

LEE ARRIVES AT KEY WEST.

Consul General Left for the National Capital at Oniz.

"Tell the Olivette to get under way at once, Capt. Cowles; signal the Beche that the United States fleet is ready to clear out of Havana and please follow the Beche out."

These were the words of Consul General Lee at 5:15 Saturday afternoon as he stood on the poop of the Fern with a group of correspondents around him. The Evelyn had already passed Moro Castle when the Olivette weighed anchor. The Beche was close behind and the Fern was the last of the line. The wharves and boats on both sides of the narrow entrance to the harbor were crowded with Spaniards, who hissed and jeered as each boat passed out.

There was one pretty incident. On the Cabanas shore a British steamer was unloading at her wharf. As the Fern passed the Union Jack was dipped while the English crew gave hearty cheer. It is needless to say that the compliment was returned with all possible gusto.

All arrived at Key West Sunday in a state of wreck. At about 11 o'clock Gen. Lee went ashore and received an answer from Washington to his request for orders sent earlier. After a brief reception Gen. Lee went on board the Olivette, which had been kept waiting and sailed for Tampa at noon. He will go direct to Washington.

ROBERT MORRIS' LEGAL HEIR

Indiana Woman May Secure a Fortune From the Government.

Mrs. Catherine Snyder of Warsaw, Ind., has finally been proven the lawful heir of Robert Morris, one of the signers of the Declaration of Independence. During the life of the revolution Morris loaned \$100,000 to the national government. With interest this now amounts to \$1,000,000. This amount will be claimed by Mrs. Snyder. She has been proved the daughter of John Morris, a son of Robert, who died at Middletown, Ohio, seventy years ago. The facts would never have been known but for the discovery of old family records by the government investigators.

CHILKOOT'S TRAGEDY.

Alaskan Disaster Worse Than First Reports Indicated.

Later details received from Alaska increase the horrors of the avalanche in the Chilkoot Pass instead of lessening it. Sixty-six dead bodies have thus far been recovered, and 150 persons are said to be unaccounted for. It is barely possible that some of these had succeeded in crossing the pass before the avalanche occurred. A conservative estimate is that between 75 and 100 persons were killed.

Charges Against Gardiner.

Two affidavits were filed against Oscar Gardiner at Columbus, Ohio, Friday, one charging him with prize fighting, and the other with manslaughter. There was padding on the ring floor, and the theory was advanced that concussion of the brain was caused by Stout's head striking the floor. The autopsy does not bear out this theory, but indicates that the knockout blow on the jaw did all the damage. Gardiner was released on \$700 bonds, pending a preliminary hearing. He says he will never fight again.

A Diver Asphyxiated.

Chief Gunner's mate Johnson, of the gunboat Newport, while making an examination of the ship's bottom at Key West, met with a sudden death from asphyxiation. The exact cause is not known, but it is thought the air pipe became entangled in some way. He was down some time, and as he gave no signals he was drawn up, when he was found to be dead. The examination was a routine affair and not made because of any supposed defect.

Shipping Gold from Havana.

Gold is being shipped from Cuba to New York city. Already \$600,000 have been received, and \$400,000 more has been engaged for shipment. This gold is shipped from Havana because war is imminent.

A Big Sacramento Fire.

The pattern storehouse of the Southern Pacific company at Sacramento, Cal., was gutted by fire Sunday night. The loss on the almost invaluable patterns is estimated anywhere from \$200,000 to \$1,000,000.

FEAR AN APACHE UPRISING.

White Settlers Alarmed at the Proposed Withdrawal of Troops.

The proposed withdrawal of United States troops from Arizona and New Mexico has greatly alarmed the big cattle raisers of that section of the country. They fear an outbreak by the Apaches, and have warned the department at Washington that the removal of the troops is likely to lead to a serious Indian outbreak. It is intimated, though, that the national guard of some of the western states may be sent to Arizona and New Mexico to protect the cattlemen and the settlers. There are about 38,000 Apaches in New Mexico, and they have not been any too good tempered for some time. They have a number of real or fancied wrongs against the settlers, and it is the belief in the Indian country that the presence of the troops is the only thing that restrains the Apaches. The White Mountain Apaches are particularly ugly, and there have been a number of small affrays recently between whites and Indians, which are taken by the settlers as an indication of the temper of the aborigines.

MAKES VERY FAST TIME.

Steamer Wilhelm der-Grosse Beats All Western Records.

Again the big German steamer, Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse, has eclipsed all western records between Southampton and New York. It crossed the ocean at an average speed of 22.09 knots. Its time, as given by Capt. Englehart, from the Needles to the Sandy Hook lightship, was five days and twenty hours, or more than two hours ahead of its former record, which was made on its maiden voyage in September last. Moreover, its average exceeds that made by any ocean steamer. It is 10-28 knots better than the best average made by the Cunarder Luceania, and it exceeds the Cunarder's record trip from Queenstown.

RELIGIOUS WORKERS IN PERIL

Leaders of Racine Volunteers Inhabit Coal Gas.

Capt. Sherman and Lieut. Wilds, the women who conduct the Volunteers of America in Racine, Wis., were in a precarious condition Sunday on account of inhaling coal gas which escaped the previous night from a coal stove, the top having been left partly open. The women were removed to a private residence and medical aid was summoned. Although they regained consciousness they are reported in a dangerous condition.

BATTLE ON THE NILE.

The Anglo-Egyptian Forces Take Mahmoud's Fortifications.

A Cairo dispatch says that the Anglo-Egyptian forces under Gen. Kitchener attacked the Dervishes' position Friday morning and rushed to the center of Mahmoud's fortifications without a check. The attack was entirely successful. The Dervishes lost heavily.

Canvas Uniforms for Troops.

Gen. Miles, commanding the army, has taken the initiatory steps for securing 10,000 canvas uniforms of a character designed especially for use in the warmer states of the south. Secretary Alger will approve the recommendation of Gen. Miles that two companies of the Twenty-fifth infantry, about to leave Montana, proceed direct to Key West instead of stopping with the remainder of the regiment at Chickamauga. The commanding officer at Key West has some work which it is desired the hurry forward and for this purpose the soldiers are needed.

Murder the Jailor and Escape.

A special from Marysville, Kan., says: Four prisoners confined in the city jail for burglary murdered the jailor, B. C. Batters, and made their escape. Marysville is just across the state line on the Lincoln and Manhattan branch of the Union Pacific system.

Weekly Bank Statement.

The New York weekly bank statement shows the reserve decreased \$684,000; loans decreased, \$8,000,000. The banks now hold \$35,000,000 in excess of legal requirements.

Purchases a British Steamer.

Hong Kong advises state that the United States has purchased the British steamer Saifia. She was owned by the China and Manila Steamship Company.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Chicago—Cattle, common to prime, \$3.00 to \$3.75; hogs, shipping grades, \$3.00 to \$4.25; sheep, fair to choice, \$2.50 to \$3.00; wheat, No. 2 red, \$1.02 to \$1.04; corn, No. 2, 29c to 30c; oats, No. 2, 25c to 27c; No. 3, 24c to 25c; butter, choice creamery, 20c to 22c; eggs, fresh, 10c to 10c; potatoes, common to choice, 50c to 60c per bushel. Indianapolis—Cattle, shipping, \$3.00 to \$5.50; hogs, choice light, \$3.00 to \$4.00; sheep, common to choice, \$3.00 to \$5.00; wheat, No. 2, 93c to 94c; corn, No. 2 white, 31c to 32c; oats, No. 2 white, 29c to 31c. St. Louis—Cattle, \$3.00 to \$5.75; hogs, \$3.00 to \$4.00; sheep, \$3.00 to \$5.00; wheat, No. 2, 90c to \$1.01; corn, No. 2 yellow, 27c to 28c; oats, No. 2, 26c to 27c; rye, No. 2, 51c to 53c. Cincinnati—Cattle, \$2.50 to \$5.25; hogs, \$3.00 to \$4.00; sheep, \$2.50 to \$5.00; wheat, No. 2 red, 93c to 95c; corn, No. 2 mixed, 28c to 29c; rye, No. 2, 51c to 53c. Detroit—Cattle, \$2.50 to \$5.50; hogs, \$3.00 to \$4.00; sheep, \$2.50 to \$5.00; wheat, No. 2, 90c to 97c; corn, No. 2 yellow, 31c to 33c; oats, No. 2 white, 30c to 32c; rye, 52c to 53c. Toledo—Wheat, No. 2 red, 98c to 99c; corn, No. 2 mixed, 30c to 31c; oats, No. 2 white, 26c to 28c; rye, No. 2, 50c to 52c; clover seed, \$2.00 to \$3.00. Milwaukee—Wheat, No. 2 spring, 97c to 98c; corn, No. 2, 29c to 31c; oats, No. 2 white, 28c to 30c; rye, No. 1, 51c to 52c; barley, No. 2, 40c to 45c; pork, mess, \$9.50 to \$10.00. Buffalo—Cattle, \$3.00 to \$5.50; hogs, \$3.00 to \$4.25; sheep, \$2.50 to \$5.25; wheat, No. 2 red, 97c to 1.00; corn, No. 2 yellow, 34c to 35c; oats, No. 2 white, 31c to 32c. New York—Cattle, \$3.00 to \$5.50; hogs, \$3.00 to \$4.00; sheep, \$3.00 to \$5.25; wheat, No. 2 red, \$1.00 to \$1.05; corn, No. 2, 28c to 31c; oats, No. 2 white, 32c to 33c; butter, creamery, 16c to 25c; eggs, Western, 10c to 11c.

STATE OF NEBRASKA

NEWS OF THE WEEK IN A CONDENSED FORM.

Lincoln Visited by the Most Disastrous Fire in the History of the Capital City—Loss Over Two Hundred Thousand Dollars.

Disastrous Fire at Lincoln. The fire at Lincoln on April 1 was the most costly conflagration in the history of the city, a conservative estimate of the loss being \$230,000, of which probably one-half is covered by insurance. The origin of the fire is not known, but it is supposed to have started from the electric wires in the basement of the Davis furniture store. On account of the smoke for the first hour the firemen could not locate the blaze and worked at random in the basement. When the fire broke through to the upper floors the water pressure weakened and the flames crept to the adjoining buildings. It was not at first thought that the Richards block was in serious danger, as it was taller than the others and was supposed to have a solid wall. But there was a weak point and the fire went through. At the back part of the Richards block, on the east side, the building was originally one story higher than the Davis building. At this point there were two windows in the east wall. Last year the Davis building was raised one story higher and covered these windows through openings being stopped up in a temporary manner. It was here that the flames broke through. Had it not been for this weak point the Richards block could have been saved.

When the flames seemed to be beyond control and the water pressure gave down, the department at Omaha was asked to send aid and a detachment of men were sent immediately. The Lincoln firemen were worn out by their seven hours' fight, but not a single accident was recorded.

CONDITION OF STATE BANKS

Next Quarterly Statement Will Be the Best Ever Issued.

Secretary P. L. Hall of the state banking board said the other day when speaking of the extraordinary increase in deposits in banks during the month of March, that the next quarterly statement of the banks will be the best in this respect ever made in the history of the state. The reason for this he says is because of the increased confidence in the banks and because at this time of year and particularly this year, the farmers over the state are selling their surplus grain and stock. He said observation had shown that December and January are the months when the most borrowing is done, and that in February, March, April and May there is sure to be an increase in deposits and a decrease in the amount borrowed. Speaking of the condition of the banks throughout the state, Dr. Hall says very few of them are making money at the present time, and not many have declared dividends for the last year. This is on account of the plenteitude of money and the difficulty in making loans. There has been a general reduction in the rate paid on deposits, and in some cases banks now refuse to pay anything on deposits and take the money for safe keeping simply to accommodate customers.

Fun Costs Ten Dollars.

Charley Clemons, who has had charge of a restaurant at Wymore for some time, upon being ordered to vacate by the owner of the building, procured a gun and endeavored to take charge of the place. He fired several shots through the walls and ceiling, knocked the furniture down and tore up things generally, until Marshal Actor came a long and arrested him. He was taken before a justice of the peace who fined him \$10 and costs.

Contracts for Asylum Supplies.

The contracts for furnishing supplies for the Hastings asylum during the second quarter have been let. Wolbach & Braeh will furnish the dry goods; Kirkby & Day, boots and shoes; A. M. Clark, drugs; W. J. Falk, clothing; Hastings Milling Co., flour and feed; Raymond of Lincoln, groceries; C. J. Miles of Hastings will furnish half of the coal and Victor White of Omaha will furnish the other half.

Banquet at Shelton.

The triennial social and banquet of Wood River, Gibbon, Ravenna and Shelton lodges, Knights of Pythias, was held at Shelton. Over fifty members were in attendance. Secret work was conferred in two degrees—first and second—after which an elegant supper was served.

Killed by a Kick.

W. H. Ackerman, a prominent farmer, was killed by a kick from a colt on the farm of H. N. Way, two miles south of Stanton. He had just purchased a span of colts and was trying them behind his wagon when one of them kicked him in the stomach, killing him instantly.

Engineer Hurt.

While working at a switch in the brick yard at Table Rock a D. & M. engine jumped the track and the engineer, Charles Wands, fell from the engine on a pile of ties and sustained a sprained back, but was not seriously injured.

Surveyors at Work.

The surveyors of the projected Nebraska and Northern Railroad from Atkinson to Butler have made arrangements for starting on the preliminary survey. They expect to complete the work in a week or ten days.

Accidental Shooting.

As Miss Barbara Hoffman of Falls City was reaching for something on a shelf above her head a revolver was knocked down, causing it to be discharged. The bullet entered at her elbow and came out near her shoulder.

Boy Accidentally Shot.

A son of W. H. Hawley, living near Fremont, was accidentally shot and killed, while out hunting with several other boys. The accident occurred about six miles east of the city. The boy was about 15 years old.

Grain Company Organized.

Another farmer's grain company has been organized by farmers of Adams County. Articles have been filed in the county clerk's office and the company will have an office at Hastings and operate in Adams County.

Brick Work Resumes.

The Louisville Brick company began work this week. For some weeks passed it has had a force of men loading brick manufactured last winter. About twenty-five men are employed.

OMAHA'S BIG FIGHT.

A Mandamus is Issued Requiring Holcomb to Appear April 19.

On the petition of Dr. Victor Rosewater of Omaha the supreme court has issued a mandamus requiring Gov. Holcomb to appear April 19 and show cause why he should not be required to proceed to Omaha and hear testimony relative to the corruption of the fire and police commission of that city, created by the act of the executive. This is the case that grew out of the impeachment proceedings filed with the governor by Dr. Rosewater, alleging numerous corrupt practices. The law requires the governor to in person investigate the charge. He appointed a referee, however, but Mr. Rosewater refused to submit testimony to him, maintaining that the law required the governor to attend to the matter in person. The governor maintains that the attorney general advised him that the course he adopted was legal.

Recognizing the National Guard

Several days ago Adjutant General Barry wrote to Congressman Stark calling his attention to the neglect in the new military bill to provide for the national guard and the volunteer forces, while it empowered the president to reorganize and increase the standing army. In his letter General Barry recommended that the entire bill be killed. Later he received a telegram from Mr. Stark in which he said that the overwhelming sentiment was that the national guard and the volunteer forces were the mainstay of the government and that all of the Hull bill had been killed excepting that part authorizing the organization of the regular army into three battalions instead of two. The message extended congratulations to General Barry and the guard.

Will Be Ready June 1.

The announcement was made the other day upon authority of the chief architects of the Trans-Mississippi Exposition, that all construction work will be finished in time for the installation of exhibits and the perfection of concessions by the opening day, June 1. The large buildings are nearly ready for the artistic decorations, save the fine arts building and the immense structure which the United States government is building. On the latter the staff work is nearly done and the dome is receiving the finishing touches. The concessionaries are pushing construction work rapidly, as are the various states, fifteen of which are erecting buildings.

It Was Loaded.

Fred Wiebe, son of Representative Wiebe of Grand Island, accidentally shot his servant girl with a 22-caliber revolver. While the family had been stopping at the Koehler one of the guests gave the boy a letter and asked if he lay around the house for while it was sent away by the boy. Later Mr. Wiebe thought it might be well to load the weapon and have it handy for possible burglars, and it appears the lad did not know of this. The lad happened to come across the revolver and pointing it at the servant girl playfully pulled the trigger. The ball entered below the chin. The young woman is not seriously injured.

Flour Mill Sold.

J. J. Frederick has just sold out his flour mill at St. Paul to a new corporation, just organized and under the name of the St. Paul Milling company, with a capital of \$21,000, and consisting of the following citizens: N. J. Paul, president; J. S. Van Cott, vice president; Roger Seibner, secretary and treasurer; additional directors, A. N. Dunn and George E. Woodberry.

Factory for Wymore.

Articles of incorporation under the laws of the state of Nebraska have been filed by the Webster Manufacturing company of Wymore city, with a capital stock of \$14,000. The business will consist of the manufacture of Sam's Combination blow-pipe and other dentists' and jewelers' supplies.

New Depot for Hastings.

It has been given out that the Burlington Railroad Company has definitely concluded to build a new depot at Hastings.

Nebraska Short Notes.

The Methodist Church society of Greeley has started on a new and handsome parsonage building. John S. Rossiter, formerly a brakeman on the Union Pacific Railroad, in trying to board a passenger at Oakland fell off of the platform and received a severe scalp wound. The exercises of laying the corner stone of the new Methodist Episcopal Church at Wausa occurred April 7. A large gathering of people was present. The edifice is to cost \$1,200.

A telegram was received by Coroner Bancroft of Lexington the other day from Edlyville, saying that Frank Morse, the postmaster at that point, had died under suspicious circumstances.

Election of a principal and faculty of the State Normal School at Peru was the nature of business transacted at a meeting of the state board of education last week. For mayor, Walter Combs was elected principal and nearly all the members of the faculty were retained.

The case of the state against William Egbright at Nebraska City, charged with obtaining money from the state under false pretenses while acting in the capacity of superintendent of the Institute for the Blind, has been continued until May 28. A new bond for \$1,000 was given.

At a meeting of the Tecumseh city council the salaries of the city officers, excepting councilmen, were materially reduced. The action has not yet met the sanction of the mayor, who is a retiring officer, and the legality of the action of cutting salaries of incoming officers on the eve of their election is questioned by some.

Two tramps went into John A. Reece's shoe store in Ashland to buy some shoes. One of them pulled a revolver on Walter Combs, the proprietor, and Andrew Urch, but in the excitement succeeded in escaping. The other was caught coming out the front door with a box of shoes slipped under his coat. Mr. Reece recovered the shoes, the tramps making a break toward the depot. After an exciting chase of three blocks Depot Policeman Robert A. Hinckley gathered the thief in his wagon and turned him over to the night watch, who landed him in jail.

The old city council of Lexington held a meeting and requested the candidate for mayor, who was tied, to meet them and "draw cuts" to decide who shall be mayor. The issue of license or no license will be decided by the result.

The state oratorical contest was held in Lincoln and resulted in first honor being given to the University of Nebraska in the person of J. D. Dennison on the subject, "The Evolution of Government." Second place was awarded to Miss Martha Johnson of Grand Island College, on the subject, "The Moral Triumph of Our Republic." The contest was held in Lincoln.

The Louisville Brick company began work this week. For some weeks passed it has had a force of men loading brick manufactured last winter. About twenty-five men are employed.



While there was no attempt to force consideration for a resolution regarding the Cuban situation in the House on Monday, there was one brief outbreak in which the warlike temper of the galleries was manifest. It came over a bill to authorize the President to erect temporary fortifications in case of emergency upon land when the written consent of the owners was obtained. The bill was passed. The remainder of the day was spent in the transaction of District of Columbia business. In the Senate prepared speeches upon the Cuban situation were delivered by Messrs. Perkins of California, Clay of Georgia, Mantle of Montana and Rawlins of Utah. The sundry civil appropriation bill was then taken up.

The whole of Tuesday in the House was spent on the private calendar, with the result that several bills were passed, among them one to pay the heirs of John Roach, the shipbuilder, \$330,000 on a claim which has been pending a dozen years, and another to pay O. C. Bosby-shell, superintendent of the Philadelphia mint, \$17,000 extracted from the gold vault by a weigh clerk. At 5 o'clock the House recessed till 8 p. m. The evening session was devoted to private pension bills. In the Senate speeches upon the Cuban crisis were delivered by Senator Chandler (N. H.), Mr. Turpie (Ind.), Mr. Harris (Kan.), and Mr. Kenney (Del.), all of whom took strong grounds for rigorous and instant action by the United States.

The House on Wednesday took up the consideration of the army reorganization bill. The request of the President that action on the Cuban question be delayed until after receipt of his message the next Monday was granted. Ten minutes after the Senate convened consideration of the sundry civil bill was resumed, and with the exception of eight minutes consumed by the executive session, in which Senator Davis announced that no message would be sent in, almost the entire session was consumed by the appropriation committee.

Almost no routing business whatever was transacted by either branch of Congress on Thursday. Congressmen and Senators alike devoted most of their time and attention to Cuban affairs. Efforts were made in both houses to decide upon some plan of action when President McKinley's message should have been sent to Congress on the next Monday. The bill for the reorganization of the army was under consideration in the House on Thursday by Mr. Salzer (N. Y.), and Mr. Leavelle (Ohio), the latter making a severe onslaught upon the administration on account of its course in Cuban affairs. The administration was defended by Mr. Grosvenor of Ohio.

WE MAY TAKE HAWAII.

Crewell Has Orders to Raise the American Flag and Maintain it. Honolulu advises say that it is generally understood and undisputed that if news is received there that war has been declared between the United States and Spain, or any other country, the American Minister and Admiral Miller have orders to raise the stars and stripes over Hawaii and to maintain them at any cost. Such instructions, say the Honolulu papers, were received from Washington in the last mail. The statement has appeared without contradiction. Both Minister Sewall and Admiral Miller are retiring concerning the report, neither affirming nor denying it.

The necessity for immediate action in such an emergency is at once apparent. Spain has several warships in the Pacific, which could scarcely make their way to the American coast without having an intermediate coaling station. The Hawaiian Islands are the only available place. A single war vessel could successfully defend this harbor and the coal supply there against half a dozen such craft as Spain has in the Pacific.

Told in a Few Lines.

The deaths from the black plague in Bombay, India, now average 1,100 weekly.

A People's Democratic-Silver Republican fusion State ticket has been made in Ohio.

Spain is negotiating with Austria for the purchase of a vessel of the Austrian navy.

Fred Pruitt, of Forrest City, Ark., was fatally injured at Wynne, Ark., by being thrown from a buggy.

MESSAGE BY M'KINLEY.

Executive Asks Discretionary Power to Intervene.

DOES NOT CALL CUBA FREE.

He Opposes Recognition of the Present Government.

EXHAUSTIVE REVIEW OF FACTS

Whole perplexing situation is laid before Congress.

President Asks Authority to Take Measures for the Termination of Hostilities in Cuba - Would Use Army and Navy if Necessary - Only Hope of Relief from a Condition Which Can No Longer Be Endured Is Enforced Pacification of the Island - Maine Disaster Showed that Spain Cannot Protect Neutrals in Her Own Ports.

President McKinley on Monday sent his Cuban message to Congress. He favors intervention to terminate hostilities in the island and asks discretionary authority, but opposes recognition of present Cuban government. The full text of the message follows:

Obedient to that precept of the constitution which commands the President to give from time to time the Congress information of the state of the Union and to recommend to their consideration such measures as he shall judge necessary and expedient, it becomes my duty now to address your body with regard to the grave crisis that has arisen in the relations of the United States to Spain by reason of the warfare that for more than three years has raged in the neighboring island of Cuba. I do so because of the intimate connection of the Cuban question with the state of our own country and the grave relations of the course which it is now incumbent upon the nation to adopt must needs bear to the traditional policy of our Government if it is to accord with the precepts laid down by the founders of the republic and religiously observed by succeeding administrations to the present day.

The present revolution is but the successor of other similar insurrections which have occurred in Cuba against the dominion of Spain, extending over a period of nearly half a century, each of which, during its progress, has subjected the United States to great effort and expense in enforcing its neutrality laws, caused enormous losses to American trade and commerce, caused irritation, annoyance and disturbance among our citizens and the unbridled practices of warfare, shocked the sensibilities and offended the humane sympathies of our people.

Ravaged by Fire and Sword.

Since the present revolution began in February, 1895, this country has seen the fertile domain at our threshold ravaged by fire and sword in the course of a struggle unequalled in the history of the island and rarely paralleled as to the number of the combatants and the bitterness of the contest by any revolution of modern times where a dependent people, striving to be free, have been opposed by the power of the sovereign state. Our people have beheld a once prosperous community reduced to comparative want, its commerce virtually paralyzed, its exceptional productiveness diminished, its fields laid waste, its mills in ruins and its people perishing by tens of thousands from hunger and destitution. We have found ourselves constrained, in the observance of that strict neutrality which our laws enjoin and which the law of nations commands, to police our own waters and watch our own shores in prevention of any unlawful act in aid of the Cubans. Our trade has suffered, the capital invested by our citizens in Cuba has been largely lost and the temper and forbearance of our people have been so sorely tried as to begot a perilous unrest among our own citizens, which has inevitably found its expression from time to time in the national legislature, so that issues wholly external to our own body politic engross attention and stand in the way of that close devotion to domestic advancement that becomes a self-contained commonwealth whose primal maxim has been the avoidance of all foreign entanglements. All this must needs awaken, and has, indeed, aroused the utmost concern on the part of this Government as to what during my predecessor's term as my own.

Policy of Reconciliation.

In April, 1896, the evils from which our country suffered through the Cuban war became so onerous that my predecessor made an effort to bring about a peace through the mediation of this Government in any way that might tend to an honorable adjustment of the contest between Spain and her revolted colony on the basis of some effective scheme of self-government for Cuba under the flag and sovereignty of Spain. It failed through the refusal of the Spanish Government then in power to consider any form of mediation, or, indeed, any plan of settlement which did not begin with the actual submission of the insurgents to the mother country, and then only on such terms as Spain herself might see fit to grant.

The war continued unabated. The resistance of the insurgents was in no wise diminished. The efforts of Spain were increased, both by the dispatch of fresh levies to Cuba and by the addition to the horrors of the strife of a new and inhuman phase, happily unprecedented in the modern history of civilized Christian peoples. The policy of devastation and concentration inaugurated by the captain general's bands of Oct. 21, 1896, in the province of Pinar del Rio, was there extended to embrace all of the island which the power of the Spanish arms was able to reach by occupation or by military operations. The peasantry, including all

dwelling in the open agricultural interior, were driven into the garrison towns or isolated places held by the troops. The raising and movement of provisions of all kinds were interdicted. The fields were laid waste, dwellings unroofed and fired, mills destroyed, and, in short, everything that could desolate the land and render it unfit for human habitation or support was commanded by one or the other of the contending parties and executed by all the powers at their disposal.

Hered in the Towns.

By the time the present administration took office a year ago reconcentration—so-called—had been made effective over the better part of the four central and western provinces—Santa Clara, Matanzas, Havana and Pinar del Rio. The agricultural population, to the estimated number of 300,000 or more, was herded within the towns and their immediate vicinage, deprived of the means of support, rendered destitute of shelter, left parched and exposed to the most unsanitary conditions.

As the scarcity of food increased, with the devastation of the depopulated areas of production, destitution and want became misery and starvation. Month by month the death rate increased in an alarming ratio. By March, 1897, according to conservative estimates from official Spanish sources, the mortality among the reconcentrados from starvation and the disease thereto incident exceeded 50 per centum of their total number. No practical relief was accorded to the destitute. The overburdened towns, already suffering from the general dearth, could give no aid. So-called zones of cultivation, established within the immediate vicinity of the cities and fortified camps, rendered destitute of shelter, left parched and exposed to the most unsanitary conditions. As the scarcity of food increased, with the devastation of the depopulated areas of production, destitution and want became misery and starvation. Month by month the death rate increased in an alarming ratio. By March, 1897, according to conservative estimates from official Spanish sources, the mortality among the reconcentrados from starvation and the disease thereto incident exceeded 50 per centum of their total number. No practical relief was accorded to the destitute. The overburdened towns, already suffering from the general dearth, could give no aid. So-called zones of cultivation, established within the immediate vicinity of the cities and fortified camps, rendered destitute of shelter, left parched and exposed to the most unsanitary conditions.

Meanwhile the military situation in the island had undergone a noticeable change. The extraordinary activity that characterized the second year of the war, which the insurgents had even then, in the unharmed fields of Pinar del Rio, and carried havoc and destitution up to the walls of the city of Havana itself, had relapsed into a dogged struggle in the central and eastern provinces. The Spanish arms remained a measure of control in Pinar del Rio and parts of Havana, but under the existing conditions of the rural country, without immediate improvement of their productive situation. Even thus partially restricted the revolutionists held their own, and their submission, put forward by Spain as the essential and sole basis of peace, seemed as far distant as at the outset.

Promise of Autonomy.

In this state of affairs my administration found itself confronted with the grave problem of its duty. My message of last December reviewed the situation and defined the steps taken with a view to relieving its necessities and opening the way to some form of honorable settlement. The assassination of the prime minister, Canovas, led to a change of government in Spain. The former administration, pledged to subjugation without concession, gave place to that of a more liberal policy, committed in advance to a policy of reform involving the wider principle of home rule for Cuba and Puerto Rico. The overtures of this government, made through its new envoy, General Woodford, and looking to an honorable adjustment of the contest on the condition of the island, although not accepted to the extent of admitted mediation in any shape, were met by assurances that home rule, in an advanced phase, would be forthwith offered to Cuba, without waiting for the war to end, and that the existing hostilities should be allowed to prevail in the conduct of hostilities. Incidentally with these declarations, the new government of Spain continued and completed the policy already begun by its predecessor of testifying friendly regard for the Cuban people by releasing American citizens held under charge of war and other citizens connected with the insurrection, so that by the end of November not a single person entitled in any way to our national protection remained in a Spanish prison. This liberal policy, which was in progress the increasing destitution and the alarming mortality among them claimed earnest attention. The success which had attended the limited measure of relief among them by the judicious expenditure of money, was not to be relinquished until more appropriated expressly for their benefit by the joint resolution approved May 24, 1897, prompted the humane extension of a similar scheme of aid to the great body of sufferers. A suggestion to this effect was acquiesced in by the Spanish authorities.

On the 24th of December last I caused to be issued an appeal to the American people, inviting contributions in money or in kind for the support of the starving sufferers in Cuba, and a similar public announcement of January by a similar public announcement of the formation of a central Cuban relief committee, with headquarters in New York City, composed of three members representing the American National Red Cross and the American Society of Friends of the Community. The efforts of that committee have been untiring and accomplished much. Arrangements for free transportation to Cuba have greatly aided the charitable work. The president of the American Red Cross and other prominent citizens of our country have generously visited Cuba and co-operated with the Consul General and the local authorities to make effective distribution of the relief collected through the efforts of the central committee. Nearly 100,000 pounds of supplies have recently reached the sufferers, and more is forthcoming. The supplies are admitted duty free, and transportation to the interior has been arranged, so that the relief, at first necessarily confined to Havana and the large cities, is now extended through most, if not all, of the towns where suffering exists. Thousands of lives have already been saved.

Reconcentrado Order Revoked.

The necessity for a change in the condition of the reconcentrados is recognized by the Spanish government. Within a few days past the orders of reconcentration are, it is said, to be permitted to return to their homes and aided to resume the self-supporting pursuits of peace; public works of various kinds are to be undertaken, and a sum of \$300,000 has been appropriated for their relief. The war in Cuba is of such a nature that, short of subjugation or extermination, a final military victory for either side seems impracticable. The alternative lies in the physical exhaustion of the one or the other party, or perhaps of both, which has been effected by the years' war by the trace of England. The prospect of such a protraction and conclusion of the present strife is a

gent hardly to be contemplated with equanimity by a civilized world. At least all by the United States, affected and injured as we are deeply and intimately by its very existence.

Realizing this, it appeared to be my duty, in a spirit of true friendliness, to try to settle the contest, and to have much to lose by the prolongation of the struggle, to seek to bring about an immediate termination of the war. To this end, I submitted, on the 27th ultimo, as a result of much representation and correspondence, through the British minister at Madrid, propositions to the Spanish government looking to an armistice until Oct. 1 for the negotiation of peace with the good offices of the President.

In addition I asked the immediate revocation of the order of reconcentration, so as to permit the people to return to their farms and the needy to be relieved with provisions and supplies from the United States, co-operating with the Spanish authorities so as to afford full relief.

The reply of the Spanish government was received on the night of the 31st ultimo. It offers, as the means to bring about peace in Cuba, to confide the preparation thereof to the insular department, inasmuch as the concurrence of that body would be essential to a successful result, it being, however, understood, that the powers reserved by the constitution to the central government are not lessened or diminished. As the Cuban parliament does not meet until the 4th of May next, the Spanish government would not allow any demand for the recognition of belligerency in its favor. The same requirement must certainly be no less scrupulously considered in the case of the United States. Belligerency is in question, for a less positive test can be applied to the greater end than to the lesser, while on the other hand, the latter and consequent conditions rest upon the internal policy of the recognizing state, which form important factors when the recognition of belligerency is concerned.

Not that the status of belligerency do I think it would be wise or prudent for this government to recognize at the present time the independence of the so-called Cuban republic. Such recognition would be in order to enable the United States to intervene and pacify the island. To commit this country now to recognition of any particular government might be regarded as an embarrassing condition of international obligation toward the organization so recognized. In case of intervention our country would be obliged to approve the disapproval of such government, and would be required to submit to its direction and to assume to it the mere relation of a friendly ally. When it shall appear hereafter that the United States is within the sphere of its capability of performing the duties and discharging the functions of a separate nation, and having as a matter of fact the proper forms and conditions of national government, it can be promptly and readily recognized and the relations and interests of the United States with such nation adjusted.

Three Measures Left.

In my annual message of December last I said: Of the untried measures three remain: recognition of the insurgents as belligerents; recognition of the independence of Cuba; neutral intervention to end the war by imposing a rational compromise between the contestants and intervention in favor of one or the other party. I speak of untried measures, for the first two have not been thought of. They by our code of morality, would be criminal aggression.

Thereupon I reviewed these alternatives, in the light of President Grant's measured words, uttered in 1875, when, for seven years of sanguinary destruction, he had witnessed the contest, and reached the conclusion that the recognition of the independence of Cuba was impracticable and indefensible; and that the recognition of belligerency was not warranted by the facts, according to the tests of public law. I concluded, especially upon the latter aspect of the question, pointing out the inconveniences and positive dangers of a recognition of belligerency which, while adding to the already onerous burdens of neutrality within our territory, would not in any way extend our influence or effective offices in the territory of hostilities. Nothing has since occurred to change my view in this regard—and I recognize as fully now as then that the issue of a proclamation of neutrality, by which public law would be violated, and belligerency is published could, of itself and unattended by other action, accomplish nothing toward the one end for which we labor, the instant pacification of Cuba and the cessation of the misery that afflicts the Cuban people.

Jackson on Recognition.

Turning to the question of recognizing at this time the independence of the present insurgent government in Cuba, we find precedents in our history from an early day. They are well summed up in President Jackson's message to Congress Dec. 31, 1836, in which he said: "The recognition of the independence of Texas is the issue of the contest that has arisen out of the revolutions of France, out of the disputes relating to the crews of Portugal and Spain, out of the contest between the governments of both of the European governments and out of the numerous and constantly occurring struggles for dominion in Spanish America. It is a question of the highest importance that we have under the most critical circumstances, avoided all compromise and entered upon the contest with a tranquil estrangement of good will in those against whom we have been by force of evidence compelled to declare.

"But on this, as on every other trying occasion, safety is to be found in a rigid adherence to principle. The contest between Spain and the revolted colonies we stood aloof and waited, not only until the ability of the new States to protect themselves was fully established, but until the contest had been fully and unreservedly passed away. Then, and not until then, were they recognized. Such was our course in regard to Mexico herself."

Case of Texas.

"It is true that with regard to Texas the civil history of Mexico has been expelled, its invading army defeated, the chief of the republic himself captured and all present power to control the new organization withdrawn. But, on the other hand, there is, in appearance at least, an immense disparity of physical force on the side of the government, and the insurgent army, under our executive, is rallying its forces under a new leader and menacing a fresh invasion to recover its lost domain.

The issue of this threatened invasion of the independence of Texas may be considered as suspended; and were there nothing peculiar in the situation of the United States at this time, the question of recognition at such a crisis could scarcely be regarded as consistent with that prudent reserve with which we have hitherto conducted our relations with other similar questions." Thereupon Andrew Jackson proceeded to consider the risks that there might be incurred by the United States in recognizing the independence of Texas in the event of a fresh invasion to recover its lost domain. He said: "The issue of this threatened invasion of the independence of Texas may be considered as suspended; and were there nothing peculiar in the situation of the United States at this time, the question of recognition at such a crisis could scarcely be regarded as consistent with that prudent reserve with which we have hitherto conducted our relations with other similar questions." 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# YOU NEED

Some New Machinery this spring and we have just what you want. The price will suit you too.

## Hoosier Seeders, Monarch Discs.

We have the Fuller & Johnson Corn Planter and Check Rower which are without exception the best on the market.

### WAGONS AND BUGGIES OUR SPECIALTY.

The very best makes at the Lowest Prices.

# ELI JONES.

## FINE FURNITURE.

If you wish to buy a nice piece of Furniture, we have just what you want and will sell you anything in this line at the very lowest price.

## A Fine Line of Pictures.

We have one of the finest Lines of Pictures ever brought to the city. Call and see them.

### Chamber Suits, Rockers, Etc.

In fact I have the largest stock of Furniture in Northeast Nebraska. Come in and see me.

# J. P. GÄERTNER.

We keep the finest Harness Stock, Make prices down to Low Bed Rock.

Piepenstock sells the best Harness made, In all his goods the finest grade.

Excellent Carriage Trimmings here, Puts up good work, you never fear.

Excellent Oak stock here you find, No leather used but of best kind.

See Piepenstock for Whips and Collars, This is the place to save your dollars.

On sets of Harness up to date, Come in and see the lowest rate,

Keeps men repairing, you need not wait.

# R. W. Wilkins & Co.,

THE Wayne Druggists,

Carry the finest and most complete assortment and the latest and handsomest designs in

## WALL PAPER,

that you have ever gazed upon. We also handle a choice line of

Stationery and Perfumes.

Prices low. Come and see us before you buy. Prompt and careful attention given to filling prescriptions.

WAYNE, NEBRASKA

# Do You Know

That the Place to Buy

## First Class Groceries

At the Lowest Possible Prices for Cash.

AUG. PIEPENSTOCK'S CITY BAKERY.

ALL BAKERS' GOODS

### Rail Road Time Table

CHICAGO, ST. PAUL, MINNEAPOLIS & OMAHA

Trains Going East	
Omaha City Passenger	7:15 a. m.
Black Hills Passenger	2:40 p. m.
Way Freight	7:25 a. m.

Trains Going West

Overland Passenger	9:25 a. m.
Black Hills Passenger	5:00 p. m.
Way Freight	2:30 a. m.

### BLOOMFIELD LINE.

ARRIVES. LEAVES.

Accommodation & Pass	7:05 a. m.	9:30 a. m.	2:40 p. m.	5:05 p. m.
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Sloux City accommodation connects at Emerson with Omaha passenger arriving at Omaha at 11:30 a. m.; connects at Sloux City with all east bound trains. Black Hills train east connects at Emerson with Omaha accommodation arriving at Omaha at 8:00 p. m.; connects at Sloux City with all trains east, west, north and south. Black Hills west, connects at Norfolk with U. P. and trains south and west. Overland passenger west, connects at Norfolk with U. P. accommodation for all points south and west. T. W. MOHAN, Agt., Wayne, Neb.

### LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

#### Spring Footwear.

New styles arriving daily at Maute's Shoe Store.

The Racket for Ladies' Slippers, 10 lbs. fancy peaches, \$1. Sullivan.

Geo. Smith was up from Wakefield Sunday.

Editor McKee was here from Winside Saturday.

Frank Mettlen was down from Winside on Friday.

Go to Wilson Bros. for new and nobby embroideries.

The commissioners were in session most of last week.

THE HERALD for neat and tasty job work. Phone 23.

Dan Cavanaugh of Winside, had business here Saturday.

Aug. Loebe of Hartington is visiting in Wayne this week.

Gus Tracy went to Holt county on business Saturday.

A. J. Ferguson was a passenger up the branch Monday morning.

Strahan, Grimsley & Co. shipped two car load of cattle on Monday.

For Groceries, always fresh, you should remember P. L. Miller.

Wilson Bros. are Leaders both in styles and quality in dress goods.

The farmers are so busy that quiet reigns supreme in the city, which means business for the future.

Judge Hunter issued a marriage license to Sam'l Hood and Miss Bertha Wadsworth Monday morning.

We sell the best Plow Shoe on earth; they will stand the racket. Harrington & Robbins.

The following non-resident attorneys were in attendance at court this week; M. H. Dodge of Winside, Judge Barnes and Koenigstein of Norfolk, F. A. Berry of Carroll.

Last Saturday evening Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Lauman pleasantly entertained a number of friends at their home east of Wayne. Quite a number from the city were present.

On Sunday Perry & Porterfield shipped two car loads of cattle and one of hogs; D. A. Jones, two cars of cattle; G. W. Jones two cars, and F. M. Cooper one car.

The farmer, the mechanic and bicycle rider are liable to unexpected cuts and bruises. De Witt's Witch Hazel Salve is the best thing to keep on hand. It heals quickly and is a well known cure for piles. L. P. Orth.

A general invitation is extended to the public to attend the Musical given at the college Saturday evening, under the direction of Miss Stewart. A fine program has been prepared and it will pay everyone to attend.

Ballard's Snow Liniment cures cuts, rheumatism, neuralgia, headache, sore throat, sprains, bruises, old sores, corns and all pain and inflammation. The most penetrating liniment in the world. Try it, 50c. Wilkins & Co.

W. H. Ackerman, a prominent farmer near Stanton and a brother of Deputy United States Marshal Ted Ackerman was killed by a kick from a colt. He had just purchased a span of colts and was tying them behind his wagon when one of them kicked him in the stomach killing him instantly.

The attendance at the different churches on Sunday morning and at the Y. M. C. A. hall in the afternoon was very large. The Easter services held were very appropriate. The air was fragrant with the aroma arising from flowers, and beautiful plants decorated the interiors, presenting a pretty scene.

There is no pain or discomfort when Tabler's Buckeye Pile Ointment is used. It relieves that itching increased by scratching. It is prepared with scientific accuracy and professional knowledge, and is the kind that cures blind, bleeding itching and protruding piles with no pain or loss of time. Wilkins.

Laurel Advocate: C. A. Chase of Wayne is erecting a new house in the place of one that was burned on his farm in Wildcat township, Wayne county. The old building, which was valued at \$500, was insured for \$250. C. Thune, the occupant, lost \$50 worth of goods, with no insurance. Grandma Gildersleeve of Wayne, was seriously injured internally by a fall last week. Mrs. Woodruff, her daughter, is at her bedside, and Mr. Woodruff will drive down today.

Mat Coyle was here from Magnet Saturday.

At Brookings you can get splendid cooking apples.

Call and see our line of Dried Fruit. Sullivan's Grocery.

E. B. Chichester went to Hartington Monday morning.

Rev. Theobald was an east bound passenger on Friday.

Mrs. D. C. Main went to Sloux City Monday morning.

Mrs. Chas. Grothe was a passenger for Omaha Tuesday morning.

M. H. Dodge and A. C. Goltz were down from Winside Monday.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Barrett Monday April 11th.

M. S. Mow's and brother of Sherman each shipped two car loads of cattle to Omaha Friday.

Judge Robinson arrived from Madison yesterday afternoon and at once commenced court.

Misses Etta Beckenhauer and Julia Andress were visitors in Wakefield the latter part of last week.

A very pleasant dancing party was held in the building opposite the German store, last Friday evening.

Don't wait but be in style at once by going to Mines' and purchasing a jewelled or enamelled girdle.

JUST RECEIVED! A new lot of DREW, SELBY & Co's. shoes, the finest ladies goods retailed in Wayne—at MAUTE'S SHOE STORE.

About fifty acres of sugar beets will be raised in this vicinity this year, Agent H. E. Hanson having contracted for 43 acres one day last week.

P. L. has the finest line of dishes in the city. See his new pattern, the "Brussels," it is a nice one and the price is very low. Miller's Star Grocery.

Last week the HERALD gave the Spanish peseta as being worth 25 cents as near as we could learn. Since then we find that a peseta is worth nineteen and three-tenths cents.

Those who were fortunate enough to have garden made before the rain will soon have po-turmps. Sometimes its a good thing to be early but it doesn't pay to be "too previous."

Is your child puny, peaked and peevish? Does it have convulsions? If so, it has worms. White's Cream Vermifuge is the only safe cure. Every bottle is guaranteed to bring worms. Wilkins.

W. H. Thies of Cumming county, and Miss A. L. Dorring of Wayne county, and Henry Daum and Miss Lena Reinhardt, both of Wayne county, were granted license to wed by County Judge, Hunter last Friday.

Carl Burdick was thrown from his bicycle while coasting last Friday with such force as to render him unconscious for some time. He was coasting near the residence of James Britton when the cycle became unmanageable with the above result.

It is not what a manufacturer says about his own medicine that cures a patient, but what the medicine does. Ballard's Horehound Syrup does the work and does it well. It cures coughs and colds in a day. It is healing, soothing, quieting. 25c. Wilkins & Co.

Don't forget it while we mention the fact that Wayne county farmers stand at the head of the procession, if given half an opportunity, and this year they have the time and opportunity, too. Watch for the results. We predict that the most crabbed citizen will be pleased.

June Conger put a kettle of tar on the stove last Thursday to thin it, and in a little while things about the kitchen were "topsy-turvy". The room was filled with smoke and June thought war with the Spaniard had begun and didn't propose to get the worst of it but they say he did, the tar coming out on top.

The Best Liniment—"Chamberlain's Pain Balm is the finest on earth," writes Edwards & Parker of Plains, Ga. This is the verdict of all who use it. For rheumatism, lame back, sprains, swellings and the numerous slight ailments and accidents common to every household, this liniment has no equal. With it in the house, a great deal of pain and suffering may be avoided. For sale by L. P. Orth, druggist.

Wisner Chronicle: Dan McManigal went to Fremont and Arlington Wednesday to visit the nurseries at those places for the purpose of selecting a number of evergreens for the cemetery near his place. A fire ran into the grounds and ruined the beautiful and well-grown pines which were an ornament to the cemetery and a pride of those whose loved ones rest there.

Peter Merton of Wayne county is completing one of the largest and best constructed barns in the vicinity. Herman, the thirteen-year old son of Fred Fluenger of Wayne county, fell upon a bolt holding the double-trees upon the tongue of a wagon upon which he was riding last Monday, and struck upon his back, dislocating his shoulder blade. He was brought to town in the evening, and Dr. Riley adjusted the displaced bone to its proper position.

Card of Thanks.

To the many kind friends who so generously assisted at the death of our loved one we desire to tender our heartfelt gratitude.

E. T. RENNICK AND FAMILY.

ROBERT HEFTI,  
**GENERAL MERCHANDISE**  
Successor to Wm. Soenneken.  
Wayne, Nebraska.

**TOWER & BENSHOOF,**  
DEALERS IN  
**Farm Machinery**  
Located South of the Depot. Have just received an immense amount of

**NEW MACHINERY!**  
Of the very latest patterns and all the new improvements.

**John Deere Disc Harrows!**  
**Disc Cultivators, Stubble Plows!**  
These goods are not excelled by any other Manufacturer.

Moline Plow Co's Tongueless Cultivators, also Riding Cultivators.  
Every farmer should see our New Machinery before purchasing.

**Fanning Mills and Stalk Cutters**  
Of the BEST MANUFACTURE. Our machinery is all warranted and the prices lower than ever before. We cordially invite the farmers to call and inspect all of our Plow Goods and Wagons.

**Tower & Benshoof.**

**Central Meat Market.**  
FRED VOLPP, Prop.  
BEEF, PORK, MUTTON, SMOKED BEEF, Hams, Shoulders and Bacon.  
Highest Market Price Paid for Hides, Pelts and Furs, also Poultry

**Burlington Route**

Low Rates April 5 and 9  
To points west and southwest—in Nebraska, Kansas, Colorado, Utah, etc. One fare, plus \$2, for the round trip. Tickets good for 21 days from date of issue. Particulars at local ticket office or by addressing  
J. FRANCIS,  
General Passenger Agent, Omaha, Neb.

**Notice to the Public.**  
My inventions are now on exhibition and display at the drug store of R. W. Wilkins & Co. They are the  
**Elastic Truss and Electric Battery**  
I have the best truss on the market and the Battery cures Rheumatism, all spinal troubles, and regulates the urinary powers. I guarantee them to give satisfaction. Those in need of one or both will please call at the drug store of R. W. Wilkins & Co.

K. B. ATKINS,  
**CITY MEAT MARKET!**  
J. H. GOLL, Proprietor.  
Will Keep First-Class Meats Always on Hand.  
WAYNE, NEBR.

I. W. ALTER,  
**BONDED ABSTRACTER.**  
Writes Insurance, Collections looked after.  
Office over Ottis ns Bank, W. Nebraska

HUGH O'CONNELL'S  
POOL and BILLIARD  
HALL.  
In Boyd Building, south of hotel.

N. I. JUHLIN  
Manufacturer of  
**Boots & Shoes**  
Repairing a Specialty.  
WAYNE, NEBRASKA

CHAS. M. CRAVEN,  
**Photographer**  
WAYNE, NEBRASKA.  
Cabinet Photos a Specialty. Gallery over post office building.

**TOWER & BENSHOOF,**  
DEALERS IN  
**FARM MACHINERY**  
Wagons and Carriages.  
Wayne, Nebraska.

A. SCHWAERZEL  
PROPRIETOR OF THE  
WAYNE  
**SHOE SHOP**  
Boots and Shoes made to order. Workmanship Guaranteed.  
Wayne, Nebraska.

L. S. WINSOR'S  
**BLACKSMITH!**  
HORSE SHOEING  
A specialty, and all work guaranteed to be first-class.  
Wayne, Nebraska.

Royal makes the food pure, wholesome and delicious.



**ROYAL BAKING POWDER**  
Absolutely Pure

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

**THE WAYNE HERALD.**

Entered at the Post Office at Wayne Nebraska as second class mail matter.

W. H. McNEAL, Editor.

Member of the Northeastern Nebraska Press Association

Published Every Thursday.

It's about time for the "I told you so" fellows.

Did you ever stop to think that Nebraska might go republican this fall?

Nebraskans are a peaceable people and are not courting war, but if Uncle Sam is driven to battle, there will be Nebraskans in it.

Those men who have so unjustly attacked President McKinley now feel like crawling into their hole and pulling the hole in after them, plainly speaking.

All of the first class powers of the old world prefer to continue their friendly relations with Uncle Samuel. In fact, they would be pleased to form an alliance with him, but this nation is not here for that purpose.

Those who questioned the statesmanship of President McKinley have already become dazed. There are several of them in Congress who are wading in blood "up to their bridle bits" in a vain effort to discover where they are at.

Perhaps at no time since war with Spain seemed inevitable were the people more anxious to receive the President's message than on Monday. Anxiety was depicted upon the countenance of every person you met, and few people cared to express an opinion as to the outcome.

You hear about as much about Nebraska as you do about any other state in the Union, and why not? She is blessed with a happy and prosperous people for the most part, and a more fertile spot for raising agricultural products—the staff of life—does not exist on God's foot-stool.

There was an immense majority of the republicans of the state that supported both Bartley and Moore, but the supporters were not all thieves nor did they belong to "rings," simply because they were deceived by these two men. The howl "ring," is generally sprung by those most interested in formulating rings.

The President's message was just what might be expected from a truly American statesman, and should meet with the approval of the entire country. The London-Daily News editorially says: "The message is a vigorous and able document and means war unless Spain agrees to make final terms with the insurgents."

Down in Missouri they proclaim that Fitzhugh Lee is the greatest man in the United States or Nebraska. Now Nebraska does not propose to be excluded from the United States, nevertheless Fitzhugh knows how to give the Spaniards fits, therefore the people of this state will not at this time dispute the Missourian's claim.

The rattle-brained course of the Chicago Tribune in these days of wars and rumors of wars is bringing its legitimate harvest of indignant protest from readers and curtailment of orders from the news dealers. Unless Uncle Joe Medill can get back to look after affairs very soon the boys will succeed in wrecking a paper that was once held to be the highest form of journalistic product on the globe.—State Journal.

The time for action has come! Uncle Sam has been preparing. Let the watchword be "down with the Spaniards and vengeance for the murder of the 266 American seamen who were blown into eternity by the infernal treachery of the Dons," and let there be no mercy until Cuba is free and the Spanish armies cry for quarter. American honor must be backed by arms, that the world may know that American vessels cannot be blown up and sailors killed with impunity, and butcheries permitted at Uncle Sam's very doors.

**TRIUMPH OF AMERICAN GOODS.**

In the New York "Commercial" of March 30, Mr. F. B. Thurber, President of the Export Association of the United States, is quoted as saying:

"The United States has, only 75,000,000 of the 1,440,000,000 inhabitants of the globe, yet we have the command over the forces that control the world—steam, electricity and machinery—to a far greater extent than any other nation. The equipping of underground roads in London by an American firm was a bombshell to the electrical world of Great Britain. Almost as startling has been our shipping of pig iron to the United Kingdom, steel rails to India, locomotives to Japan, China and Russia, mining machinery to South Africa, boilers, engines, electrical machinery, bicycles and sewing machines to every country of the civilized world, and a thousand and one, ingenious devices that have proven America to be the greatest nation on earth in the matter of the invention of labor-saving machinery.

"It has just been shown that the United States has ousted Manchester from the Red Sea and Somaliland trade in piece goods. Imported petroleum oil has taken the place of the native article in India, and all over that country American oil tins are now to be found applied to other purposes. Last year the trade of India with the United States was valued at 70,000,000 rupees (\$15,750,000), nine-tenths of the imports being kerosene.

"English machine tools, are fast losing ground in the markets of Italy in consequence of the superiority of our implements. In Japan iron rails have heretofore been chiefly supplied by Great Britain, Germany and Belgium, but the custom returns for the first six months of last year show that the United States supplied 1,801,824 pounds against 400,533 pounds for the corresponding period of 1896. American instruments for scientific purposes are reaching into foreign countries, last year's exports amounting to \$3,084,000, to nearly twenty different countries. The steamship "St. Ninian," on a recent trip to Japan, took out 13 American locomotives, 1,000 tons of rails, and about 800 tons of iron pipe, together with other large shipments of manufactured iron and steel. The exports of merchandise to London and Hamburg during one week amounted to \$2,801,328, the largest for many months. London took \$1,764,038, while the shipments to Hamburg were \$1,036,690. The prospects of our beating all foreign competitors are bright, for, besides having the best goods, we are possessed of far more push and go in finding a market than our rivals.

"Twelve months' exports in merchandise from the United States were \$1,051,987,091, or \$169,380,453 beyond the total in the fiscal year 1896. Exports of machinery, an increase of \$71,073,000 over 1896, or 36 per cent. Exports of copper, \$10,962,000, an increase of 67 per cent. Exports of bicycles, \$4,740,115, an increase of 340 per cent. Exports of cotton cloths, \$4,923,000, or 10 per cent. increase. Exports to China and other Asiatic States run up to \$4,975,000 over the year preceding, and the shipment of bicycles to Great Britain itself rose from \$24,312 in 1896 to \$2,982,963, in the same eleven months of 1897."

Senator Allen of Nebraska, in a recent speech, said:

The great masses of the farmers of this country do not know, aside from historical fact, that they have a government at Washington, except as they are reminded of it occasionally by 2 or 3 cents worth of garden seed sent to them.

This is certainly not complimentary to the agricultural and populist constituency which Mr. Allen represents. But if true it is evidence that the government is not taxing farmers to death. They would surely be reminded of it if it were doing that. The government then is not the instrument of oppression for the rich that the populist orators often proclaim it to be, according to Senator Allen.—Sioux City Journal.

**ONE OF TWO WAYS.**

The bladder was created for one purpose, namely, a receptacle for the urine, and as such it is not liable to any form of disease except by one of two ways. The first way is from imperfect action of the kidneys; the second is from careless local treatment of other diseases.

**CHIEF CAUSE.**

Unhealthy urine from unhealthy kidneys is the chief cause of bladder troubles. So the womb, like the bladder was created for one purpose, and if not doctored too much is not liable to weakness or disease, except in rare cases. It is situated back of and very close to the bladder, therefore any pain, disease or inconvenience manifested in the kidneys, back, bladder or urinary passage is often, by mistake, attributed to female weakness or womb trouble of some sort. The error is easily made and may be as easily avoided. To find out correctly, get your urine aside for 24 hours; as a cement or settling indicate kidney or bladder trouble. The mild and extraordinary effect of Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root is soon realized. If you need a medicine you should have the best. At druggists, fifty cents and one dollar. You may have a sample bottle and pamphlet both sent free by mail, upon receipt of three two-cent stamps to cover cost of postage on the bottle. Mention THE WAYNE HERALD and send your address to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. The proprietors of this paper guarantee the genuineness of this offer.

**COMMISSIONERS' PROCEEDINGS**

WAYNE, Neb., April 7, 1898.

Board met pursuant to adjournment, all members present. The examination of records and fee book in the county clerk's office finds the following fees earned from January 6 to March 31, 1898, inclusive.

Deeds 104	@ \$1 00	\$104 00
" 1	1 25	1 25
" 1	1 40	1 40
" 1	1 50	1 50
Patents & Cert 1	1 25	1 25
Mortgages 79	1 25	98 75
" 8	1 50	12 00
" 12	1 75	21 00
" 1	1 60	1 60
" 3	2 00	6 00
Releases 57	90	51 30
" 5	1 00	5 00
" 1	1 35	1 35
Assignments 15	90	13 50
" 1	1 00	1 00
Satisfaction 6	50	3 00
Mch Leins 3	1 00	3 00
" 3	1 25	3 75
" 3	1 50	4 50
Decrees 1	2 50	2 50
" 1	2 75	2 75
Wills 1	1 25	1 25
" 1	1 75	1 75
" 1	5 25	5 25
Affidavits 5	90	4 50
" 1	1 25	1 25
Notar' com 1	2 00	2 00
His pendens 6	50	3 00
Surrog. cert 1	75	75
Contracts 1	1 25	1 25
" 1	1 75	1 75
Art. Incorp. 1	1 40	1 40
Leases 2	1 25	2 50
Cert of bond 1	1 00	1 00
Cert Incumb 5	1 00	5 00
Chat mgs 658	20	131 60
Marg rel'se 28	25	7 00
Cert & seals 35	25	8 75
Total		\$551 40

The county treasurer is hereby ordered to transfer \$50 from county general fund to expense fund April 7, 1898.

GEO. HARRIGFIELD, Com'r.  
J. W. ZEIGLER, J. R. COYLE, Clerk.

The board examined and approved the fee book of county judge for the first quarter.

The sheriff's quarterly report was examined and approved.

In the matter of the suits pending in the district court against S. B. Russell, ex-county clerk, for excess fees, the said Russell presents claims for moneys paid for extra help during the years 1891, 1892, 1893, 1894 and 1895 in addition to the regular salary paid his deputy to the amount of \$1,225.15 with receipts and his affidavit of the sums paid and written statement of several county commissioners during said years that during the respective terms said Russell was authorized by the board to employ extra help so far as he deemed necessary and that the board would allow compensation therefor. Said Russell also filed his duly verified claim against the county for \$750 for making during the years 1896 and 1897 a new numerical index of records, effecting all town lots in the county from its organization together with a claim of \$30 for two tax compilers and requests that the same be allowed and credited on excess fees which may remain after above are credited on his fee book. Said Russell also asks that he be allowed settlement of the sum of \$139.55 on account of fees of said office earned but uncollected and his bondsmen propose that if the above credits together with the sum of \$202.05 claimed by him to have been paid for extra help during the years 1896 and 1897 be allowed, they will pay and cause to be paid into the county treasurer all excess fees then shown by said fee book including all claims of the county for sums paid as clerk to the board of county commissioners and for making the tax lists each of which now appear on the fee book, together with all sums paid for making assessors books and sums received for making transcripts of the records of Thurston county, the said Russell to dismiss appeal now pending in the district court for disallowance of the board for extra help during the years 1896 and 1897.

The county board after examining the records, receipts filed by said Russell, his sworn statement and the statements in writing of each of the following named ex-county commissioners to-wit: Wm. Frazier, Henry Wittler, A. H. Carter, P. W. Oman, C. D. Martin, L. S. Needham and Mark Jeffrey that during their terms they had authorized said Russell to employ extra help in said office, on motion by unanimous vote accept said proposition provided that \$250 be deducted from the amount claimed to have been paid by said S. B. Russell for extra help during the year 1896 being the sum claimed to have been paid to J. E. Brown over and above all the sum allowed him as deputy by county board at that time, and thereupon the terms were accepted by said Russell and his bondsmen and there was paid into the county treasurer by the said Russell and his bondsmen the sum of \$2,895.57 for excess fees of the office of county clerk as follows: \$204.75 for the years 1890 and '91; \$1,302.77 for the years 1892 and '93; \$1,100 for the years 1894 and '95; \$108.05 for the years 1896 and '97, whereupon the board on motion allowed the claim of said Russell for \$760 for numerical index and tax compilers the same to be credited on the claims of the county against him and the above payment of \$2,895.57 together with said numerical index and tax compilers and offsets for extra help hereby allowed constitutes a full complete and absolute settlement of all claims against said Russell for fees for said years now appearing upon the fee book and also for the sum paid him for making out assessors books during said years and received for

transcripts of the records of Thurston county and upon payment by said Russell of all costs of the several suits pending in the district court, therefore, the county attorney is hereby instructed to dismiss such suits without prejudice and the county clerk is directed to enter in the fee book for said years that the amounts so stated referring to date and page of the records.

Board adjourned to April 8, 1898.  
JOHN COYLE, Clerk.

APRIL 8, 1898.

Board met pursuant to adjournment all members present.

The following claims were examined and on motion allowed:

Joe Vicks, cleaning court house	\$ 4 00
E. T. Co Mides	6 75
J. P. Brasher, rent	15 00
Town Hall Association, rent	112 50
Perkins Bros.	32 00
J. E. Agler, bridge work	15 00
C. M. White, institute fund	100 00
C. M. White, salary	200 00
State Journal Co, supplies	12 45
C. M. White, postage etc.	11 92
J. M. Cherry, summoning jury	21 50
A. A. Welch, county attorney salary	200 00
Wayne Herald, supplies and printing	9 40
J. R. Coyle, postage	18 50
Bert Brown, cost Merten in same	5 00
Robt Utter, supplies	2 15
R. Russell, Com services	10 60
G. Harrigfield Com services	11 00
J. W. Zeigler, Com services	9 65
J. M. Cherry, costs Merten case claimed \$5.75, allowed	4 25
Henry Rehmus having failed to qualify for road overseer district 5, Harry Tidwick was appointed vacancy and his bond approved, to fill Report of superintendent of public instructing for quarter ending April 6, approved	

For papering and printing county jail was opened for bids. W. W. Wilkins' bid of \$34.00 being the lowest was accepted.

Board adjourned to meet April 12, 1898.

J. R. COYLE, Clerk.

A little boy asked for a bottle of "get up in the morning as fast as you can," the druggist recognized a household name for "DeWitt's Little Early Risers" and gave him a bottle of those famous little pills for constipation, headache, liver and stomach troubles.—Orth.

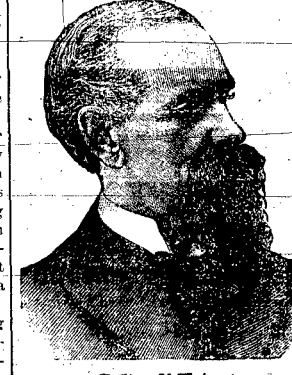
**Superintendent's Notice.**

I will be in the office Mondays and Saturdays. Examinations the third Saturday of each month and Friday preceding. CHARLOTTE M. WHITE, Supt. of Public Instruction.

M. L. Youm, Cameron, Pa., says: "I was a sufferer for ten years, trying all kinds of pile remedies but without success. DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve was recommended to me; I used one box; it has effected a permanent cure." As a permanent cure for piles DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve has no equal. Orth.

**WHEN OTHERS FAIL, CONSULT DR. REA,**

The World's Greatest and Most Successful Specialist—His New Methods of Treating Diseases Based upon the Latest Medical Science.



**DR. REA**

President of the Southern Medical and Surgical Institute, Louisville, Ky., will be at the Boyd Hotel, Wayne, Neb., on

Monday, April 25, '98.

returning every four weeks for one year. Dr. Rea has no superior in diagnosing and treating diseases and deformities. He will give \$50 for any case he cannot tell the disease, and where located, in five minutes.

All curable medical and surgical diseases, acute and chronic catarrh, diseases of the eye, ear, nose, throat, and lungs, dyspepsia, Bright's disease, diabetes, liver, stomach, constipation, rheumatism, chronic female and sexual diseases, neuritis, gelatin, dizziness, nervousness, slow growth in children and all wasting diseases in adults, deformities, club feet, curvature of the spine, diseases of the brain, paralysis, heart diseases, eczema, varicocele, hydrocele, properly treated. Cancers, wens, birthmarks, tumors, red nose and superfluous hair on face or neck removed. Epilepsy or fits cured. Young, middle, aged and old, single or married men, and all who suffer with Lost Manhood, nervous debility, spermatorrhea, seminal loss, sexual decay, falling memory, stunted development, weak eyes, lack of energy, impoverished blood, pimples, impediments to marriage; also blood and skin diseases, syphilis, eruption, hair falling, bone pain, swelling, sore throat, ulcers, effect of mercury, kidney and bladder troubles, weak back, burning urine, incontinence, gonorrhoea, gleet, stricture, receive searching treatment, prompt relief and cure for life. Both sexes treated confidentially and privately. Piles, fistula, hemorrhoids and rupture cured by our new methods. Consultation free.

**Lowest Prices In Wayne.**

As well as the largest stock and best quality of Goods will be found at the

**German Store.**

"Quick Sales and Small Profits" is our motto. We buy in large quantities and therefore can sell at a very low price.

**Clothing and Dry Goods!**

Just come in and look over our large assortment in the above departments.

**Bring in your Butter Eggs and Poultry**

You will get the highest market price.

**Furchner, Duerig & Co.**

We always pay TOP Price for Exchange.

**The First National Bank!**

Wayne, Nebraska.

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS \$90,000.00.

J. M. STRAHAN, President. FRANK E. STRAHAN, Vice President.  
H. F. WILSON, Cashier. NATHAN CHACE, Assistant Cashier.

DIRECTORS—J. M. Strahan, Frank E. Strahan, George Bogart, John T. Bressler, James Paul, Frank Fuller and H. F. Wilson.

**Now is the Time TO TRADE WITH US.**

WE HANDLE

**Farm Implements and Wagons**

Lumber, Lime, Coal and Stone.

Agents for Flint Plaster, McCormick Binders and Mowers, Queens Fanning Mills, Weber Wagons. Prices are lower than last year.

Nothing but the Best at Lowest Reasonable Prices.

Sole Dealers in the "Consolidated" Wire Hog Fence.

**Philleo & Son, Wayne, Neb.**

When you buy Lumber, Coal and Paint go to

**Edwards & Bradford Lumber Co.**

Largest Stock, Reasonable Prices. Lumber under Cover. Good when you get it.

**T. A. BERRY, Manager.**

L. F. STOCKWELL, Pres. W. J. HARMON, Vice-Pres.  
J. W. GRIBBLE, Sec. and Treas.

**The W. J. Perry Live Stock Commission Co.,**

(INCORPORATED.)

W. J. PERRY, Manager.

Cattle Salesmen: { W. J. Perry, Sheep Salesmen: { W. J. Perry,  
Dave Degen. Joseph Garlow.  
Hog Salesmen—G. H. Johnson.

**Union Stock Yards, South Omaha, Nebraska.**

CAPITAL STOCK, \$50,000.

Reference—Union Stock Yards National Bank, South Omaha.

**L. O. MEHUS,** East Side 414 Street.

New Suitings Constantly Arriving

**Merchant Tailor.**

Workmanship First-class and Satisfaction Guaranteed.

**The Corner Restaurant**

is The Place to Get

**Good Square Meal or Short Order Lunch.**

Everything neat and clean. MRS. ROTTER, PROPRIETRESS.

# WOOLF AND MARRIED

BY CHARLOTTE M. BRAEME

## CHAPTER XXI.

Lord Caraven had made two announcements to his household, which no one even thought of connecting. The first and most startling was, of course, that Lady Hamilton had been shot accidentally—a charge shot—though why a ball cartridge had been used was a puzzle. It was supposed to have been fired by poachers in the wood; the second was that Lady Caraven had been suddenly summoned to her father's home in London. No one dreamed of connecting the two announcements, and in the disorderly state of the household it never occurred to any of the guests to question the servants as to when the countess had gone. She had been sent for after dinner, and the apologies that the earl made were deemed quite sufficient. Some of the guests indeed said that it was as well Lady Caraven was out of the way, as she would probably have been greatly distressed. To this day the earl is uncertain what in his panic he said or did. The only idea quite clear to him was that he must shield the woman who bore his name.

It was not very long before the doctor arrived, and then all alarm was at an end. He found the ball at once; it had not gone very deep into the shoulder. It was extracted and the wound bound up. Then lovely Lady Hamilton raised her golden head and asked, languidly: "Shall I be very ill, doctor?" "No, I hope not. You will suffer a little pain—nothing much, I trust."

"Shall I be ill for a long time?" she asked. "Ah, me, how little I dreamed that I was coming to Ravensmere to be shot!" "It is very unfortunate," said the doctor; "but I do not think you will be ill very long, Lady Hamilton."

It was with a sense of relief that Lord Caraven went to his room that night. He wanted to be alone to think over the events of the day. He found himself dwelling less on the terrible fact that his wife had shot Lady Hamilton than on the wonderful fact that she loved him. He could not sleep or rest. Never had his pillow seemed so hard, his thoughts so troublesome. The excitement had been too much for him. Wherever he went, whatever he did, his thoughts were with Hildred. Had she reached Arley Ransome's house? Had he acted wisely in letting her go alone? Would any clue to her guilt ever be found? These questions followed him, haunted him, pursued him. If he went to talk to any of his visitors, the conversation was sure to turn upon the poachers and Lady Hamilton.

Wearied of it all, he sought refuge with Sir Raoul in his room; and the old soldier noted with concern how worn and haggard the handsome earl looked.

CHAPTER XXII.

"Let me stay with you, Raoul," said the earl on entering his room; "my guests tease me to death. One hears of nothing but Lady Hamilton and the poachers. I have had to tell the story over and over again, until I am fairly tired of it. Let me find rest here."

Sir Raoul looked at the earl's haggard face. "And to make matters worse," remarked the earl, with a gesture of weary despair, "there comes the doctor."

Dr. Randall entered the room unannounced and in great haste. The earl sprang to his feet at the sound of his agitated voice, his face growing pale and anxious.

"Hildred!" he cried. She looked at him with dim, sad eyes. "You!" she said. "Is it you who thought me guilty of murder?" Lord Caraven turned to Arley Ransome. "Leave me alone with her," he said. "I have much to say."

Mr. Ransome went away. The earl entered the room and closed the door. He went to his wife, holding out both his hands. "Will you forgive me?" he said. "I can never pardon myself." But she shrank from him. "You believe that I committed murder," she answered. "No, I cannot touch your hands."

"Hildred, listen. It was almost all your own fault—you said you were guilty." "Not of murder," she rejoined. "I could not have supposed that you would think me capable of that, much as you dislike me."

"I do not dislike you, Hildred," said the earl, in a voice full of emotion, "and I am glad to be relieved of having tended you. Do not refuse to pardon me."

"There can be no pardon, my lord, for the wrong you have done me," she replied. "And then the earl knew that, if ever he won his wife's pardon, it would be a work of patience and of time."

He gazed anxiously at her. She looked pale and wan, with the stains of bitter weeping on her face. He said, too, that she shivered like one seized with mortal cold.

"Hildred," he cried, "do forgive me—you do not know how grieved I am to see you like this. I want to tell you how the misunderstanding happened. Will you listen?"

"Yes," she replied, mechanically; and she sat silent and motionless while he told her the story. She looked at him when it was ended with dull, dim eyes.

"I am very sorry," she said, "that Blantyre made the mistake. I almost wish that he had shot me through the heart. What have I to live for?"

"I could not spare you, Hildred—you have been the good angel of my life," he cried. "You would be better without me. Your estates are free and unincumbered now—you have roused yourself to a sense of your duties—you know how to perform them. I am of no more use. I am sorry that John Blantyre missed his aim."

"That is not like you, Hildred. Where is your bright energy, your hope, your cheerful animation?" She clasped her hands with a shudder. "I am sick," she said, "sick with a terrible despair."

MORE THAN WAS INTENDED.

A Granite Monument at Antietam Recalls a Family History.

Maj. Kingsbury had a daughter, as well as a son who fell at Antietam. The daughter married Simon Bollivar Buckner of Kentucky, some time before the war. When Gen. Buckner decided to go with the Confederacy the danger of confiscation of his wife's interest in the Chicago estate confronted him. A family council resulted in the transfer of Mrs. Buckner's property, to her brother. Col. Kingsbury fell in battle without leaving a will to protect his sister's inheritance. When the war closed the return of Mrs. Buckner's interest in her father's estate was asked for in behalf of her children. Mrs. Kingsbury declined to concede it. She claimed all that had been left in her husband's name for her son and herself. Litigation followed and dragged along for years. Maj. Kingsbury's forty acres were in the heart of Chicago when the fire occurred.

IN THE YEARS IMMEDIATELY following the war Washington had few women more talked about than the beautiful widows, Mrs. Becky Jones and Mrs. Kingsbury, the niece of an ex-President of the United States. Mrs. Kingsbury became the wife of Gallatin Lawrence, son of one of the wealthiest manufacturers in Rhode Island. Gallatin Lawrence had chosen a diplomatic career. He was sent to Costa Rica as minister. When he came back society at the capital had a great sensation over the talk of a duel between Minister Lawrence and Capt. Von der Hass of the Belgian legation, because of the captain's attentions to the beautiful Mrs. Lawrence. The Belgian sailed for Europe. So did Mrs. Lawrence. Gallatin Lawrence followed. There was a duel and then a divorce case. Von der Hass went to Egypt. Mrs. Lawrence went there, too. Gallatin Lawrence returned to the States. The son of Col. Kingsbury was sent to Oxford. His inheritance was cut in two by a decision restoring to her heirs Mrs. Buckner's share in the forty acres. One day young Kingsbury came home from Oxford, bringing a college friend. Between the English student and Mrs. Lawrence an attachment quickly developed. Mrs. Lawrence was twice the age of her son's class. She married him, and is, or was the last that friends in this country learned, living with him abroad. Kingsbury married a Levantine, and he, too, is in a foreign country. The fortune acquired through the Chicago investment has been much reduced. Mrs. Becky Jones, after a long career in Washington, traveled extensively and settled in Canada, where she is still living by all accounts. This is the complicated sequel, briefly told, of the events which the granite monument above the stone bridge at Antietam commemorates.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

DIDN'T MIND BULLETS.

The Judge Liked an Argument Too Well to Be Faced by a Shot.

During the day I had attended court, where a lawsuit of considerable importance was on trial and which was not decided until 6 o'clock in the evening, says a writer. Then I went home to stop for the night with the judge who had the case in hand. On the way home we were stopped by a man, who said: "Judge, it is quite likely that the loser of that suit will shoot at you through a window to-night to secure revenge."

"Yes, quite likely—thanks," pleasantly replied the judge, as we passed on. At the supper table his wife appeared nervous and uneasy, and before the meal was concluded she said: "Alfred, a man has been seen in front of the house acting rather suspiciously, and I'm afraid he means you harm."

"Yes, I'm afraid so, my dear," replied the judge and then took up the conversation she had interrupted. After supper we adjourned to the library, and by and by, as we sat at the table with a kerosene lamp between us, there arose an argument connected with the political question.

"Sir," said the judge, as he grew heated by opposition, "they may bring all their sophistry to bear on the question, but nothing will convince me that—"

At that instant I felt a hot streak along my left cheek, and the lamp chimney was shattered into a hundred pieces and the light went out. The judge rang a hand bell which was within reach and I thought I heard the notes of the bell before the report of a rifle in front of the house. A negro man came running in, and the judge said: "Julius, bring us another lamp."

When the lamp was brought I looked at the judge. He had not changed in the slightest. "Wasn't that a bullet which broke the lamp chimney?" I asked. "Very likely it was," he replied, as he looked around.

"And wasn't it meant for you?" "I presume so. There it is, in the back of a law book. As I was saying, however, sophistry is not argument, and those champions—"

"Excuse me, Judge," I interrupted, "but the next bullet may kill one of us."

"Oh, they never shoot but once, and I want to convince you that your position is untenable. You see, to begin with, the Democratic party—"

But his wife came in and insisted that he give an alarm, and the argument was never finished.

Making Bread in Camp.

Good bread, on which your climbing and digging depend, may be made direct from the flour sack, with a little salt and water stirred in. After the dough is worked to the required firmness squeeze it into thin cakes about the size of ship biscuits, throw them on hot coals raked from the heart of your camp fire; turn them before they begin to burn, and when firm enough set them on edge to be toasted until thoroughly baked through. Or if the weather is bad, cut a stick about the size of a whip-handle, of birch pine, spruce, cottonwood or willow, according to the flavor desired, and sharpen it; squeeze out a handful of dough, roll it in a thin spiral around the stick and set it upright in the ground at baking distance from the fire, giving it a quarter turn from time to time until the bread spiral is thoroughly baked and browned all around. Wholesome bread may be quickly made in this way in any kind of weather, with the favor of sunny wheat fields in it, and that of the stick on which it is baked, while the losses from smearing of pans, and the soggy heart of thick loaves and dampers that must be thrown away, are avoided. If you must have your bread old-fashioned and light-bloated into a fluffy mass full of airholes—then instead of a heavy case of powders take a quarter-ounce cake of baker's compressed yeast to start with, and after each baking put a handful of the fermented dough into the flour sack, and with this store you may go on raising cereals as long as you like.—San Francisco Examiner.

Cat Was Felled.

In the yard of a Pennsylvanian recently some partridges took up their abode and built their nest. Pretty little birds were hatched out shortly after their arrival, and the mother partridge was proud of her progeny and took pleasure in caring for them.

A Maltese cat belonging to a neighbor made its appearance in the yard not long since on a foraging expedition. Made a dash at the mother bird, caught it, and was taking it prisoner to his own domain. The noise made in the struggle was heard by the bird's mate, who came to the rescue, and a regular battle ensued. The male bird made a vicious attack upon the cat, pecking with the beak and striking at it with the wings until he forced the cat to release his prisoner. The two birds then flew upon the fence and watched the retreating form of the cat with evident signs of pleasure and satisfaction, and no doubt congratulated each other in bird lingo.—New York Press.

World Without Doctors.

There is an eminent physician in London who takes the position that the health of the people would be, on an average, better and the duration of life longer, if there were not a practicing physician in the world. In other words, he favors the idea often tersely expressed in the words, "Physicians kill more people than they cure."

How She Gave Him His Cue.

He—I suppose you would scream and wake up everybody in the house if I were to kiss you.

She—Why is it that some folks can't help borrowing trouble?

The period of meditation indulged in by the defeated candidate is caused by the mistaken judgment of his constituents—to be he thinks.

## Blood

is Life

### Pure Blood

is Health.

Without blood circulating through your veins you could not live. Without pure blood you cannot be well. The healthy action of every organ depends upon the purity and richness of the blood by which it is nourished and sustained. If you have salt rheum, scrofula sores, pimples, boils or any kind of humor, your blood is not pure. If you take Hood's Sarsaparilla it will make your blood pure and promptly relieve all these troubles. In the spring the blood is loaded with impurities. Hence, all these unsightly eruptions, that languor and depression, and the danger of serious illness. Hood's Sarsaparilla is needed to purify, enrich and vitalize the blood and protect and fortify the system.

## Hood's Sarsaparilla

is America's Greatest Medicine. Sold by all druggists. 50¢; six for \$5. Get only Hood's.

### Hood's Pills

are the only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

#### SEND FOR A BICYCLE

Write for our new plan of "How to Earn a Bicycle" and make money. We will send you a bicycle and a book of art. FREE for stamp while they last.

K. C. MEAD CYCLE CO., CHICAGO.

A Darling Joke.

The celebrated Handel had such sensitive nerves that he could not bear to hear the tuning of instruments, and so this was always done before he arrived at the theater. A musical wag wishing to make mirth from Handel's irascibility of temper, stole into the orchestra on a night when the Prince of Wales was to be present and untuned all the instruments. As soon as the prince arrived, Handel gave the signal for beginning on spirit; but such was the horrible discord that the enraged master started up from his seat, and overturning a double-bass which stood in his way, he seized a kettle-drum and threw it with such violence at the head of the leader of the band that he lost his wig in the effort. Without waiting to replace it, he advanced bareheaded to the front of the orchestra, breathing vengeance, but so choked with passion that he could not speak. In his ridiculous attitude he stood stamping and staring for some moments amid a convulsion of laughter.

A Trolley Coach.

The people of Greenwich, Conn., are riding in a trolley stage coach that needs no rails for its operation. The wires are at one side instead of being overhead. The coach can be turned around or moved in any direction without interfering in the least with the ordinary traffic of the highway. Certain property owners would not permit the operation of a regulation trolley over a road, and this trolley-stage coach was devised as a means of overcoming their objections.

A Psalmist.

"I suppose," he ventured, "that you would never speak to me again if I were to kiss you."

G. W.'s Motto.

"Boys," said the school teacher, "who can tell me George Washington's motto?"

Several hands went up. "Phillip Perkasie, you may tell."

"When in doubt, tell the truth."—Detroit Free Press.

Lake Erie is the lake of the "wild cat," the name given to a fierce tribe of Indians exterminated by the Iroquois.

## THE SECRET OF A GOOD DISPOSITION.

Mrs. Pinkham Says a Careful Regard for Bodily Health Makes Women Sweet and Attractive to All.

The world is filled with sweet women who are held back from usefulness by some trouble of the female organs.

Fretfulness and nervousness rapidly destroy sweet dispositions.

Sickly all-worn-out women cannot live happily lives. Nearly every woman may be well and happy if she will follow Mrs. Pinkham's advice. See what Mrs. Craig says:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I have taken Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and think it is the best medicine for women in the world. I was so weak and nervous that I thought I could not live from one day to the next. I had prolapsus uteri and leucorrhoea, and thought that I would die. I had dragging pains in my back, burning sensation down to my feet, and so many miserable feelings. People said that I looked like a dead woman. Doctors tried to cure me, but failed. I had given up when I heard of the Pinkham medicine. I got a bottle. I did not have much faith in it, but thought I would try it, and it made a new woman of me. I wish I could get every lady in the land to try it, for it did for me what doctors could not do."

—Mrs. SALLIE CRAIG, Baker's Landing, Pa.

That Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is a safeguard of women's health is clearly proven by the thousands of letters constantly being received. Here is one from Mrs. W. P. VALENTINE, 666 Ferry Ave., Camden, N. J.:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—Before writing to you I felt very bad, had terrible sick headaches, no appetite, gnawing pain in stomach, pain in my back and right side; was tired and nervous, and so weak I could scarcely stand. I was not able to do anything, had sharp pains all through my body. Before I had taken half a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, I found myself improving. I continued its use until I had taken four bottles, and felt so well that I did not need to take any more. I am like a new person."

Ask Mrs. Pinkham's Advice—A Woman Best understands a Woman's Ills.





**Crescent Bicycles**

98 ACRE SCENT Year

20 Dollars  
25  
30  
35  
50

CATALOGUE FREE.

E. P. OLMSTED & CO.  
AGENTS.  
Wayne, Nebr.

Month  
CRESCENT  
Month

Mrs. H. J. Hansen returned from her Iowa visit last Saturday.

A. F. Chaon shipped two cars of cattle to Omaha from Wakefield last Friday.

Henry Evans sent his cattle to Holt county last week to pasture there this summer.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Braum of Sioux City, are visiting with Mrs. B's parents Mr. and Mrs. A. F. Chaon this week.

There was a party at Rick Lauman's on Saturday evening and a good time was had, many being present from Wayne, and all enjoyed themselves until late hour dancing and playing cards.

Matthew Fox, who works for R. H. Skiles, had quite an exciting runaway last Friday, but no damage was done beyond losing his hat. As he had a runaway on that day a year ago he declares he will not work on Good Friday again.

**PLUM CREEK.**  
Peter Merton has about completed his new barn.

Wm. Welland and E. B. Chiochester shipped cattle from Wisner yesterday.

Henry Daum and Miss Lena Reinhardt were married today at the residence of the groom.

Wm. Thicks and Miss A. L. Doring were united in wedlock Tuesday April 12th at the home of Mat Thicks.

**COURT PROCEEDINGS:**  
Wightman vs Lauman, continued  
Harrison vs Perry, "  
Smith & Ellis vs Agler, "  
Collard vs Lake, "  
Stuart vs Clark, "  
Poster vs Ruback, "  
Bressler et al vs Hurlbert et al dismissed  
Co of Wayne vs Russell four cases, dismissed  
Claude Horse Co vs Bosteder dismissed  
Russell vs Wayne Co, "  
Phillips et al vs Wagner, "  
Gerard vs Lewis, foreclosure ordered  
McClusky & N vs Hurlbert, deed ordered  
French vs Miller, demurrer overruled, deft given 10 days to answer  
State of Neb vs S Walter Sassman was a case where deft was charged with selling mortgaged property without written consent of mortgagee. Defendant plead guilty and was fined \$100.

Sohnr vs Sohnr, temporary alimony of \$25 and an attorney fee of \$25 allowed defendant.  
Webster vs Hulbert, pliff required to give bond for cost.  
State of Neb vs Mike Moore, defendant discharged.  
Bassler vs Hullo, default against all defendants  
Caldonia Dep Bank vs Reichert, cause to be shown in 20 days why judgment should not be revived against deft.  
First Nat Bk of Wayne vs F Brown et al, receiver ordered to pay all taxes and assessments out of funds in his hands so far as same will reach and to continue receivership.  
Bartlett vs Heister conf'd deed ordered  
Taibot vs Rush "  
Mittlestadt vs Kaufle " "  
Elting vs W A Love " "  
Kingman & Co vs Olmsted & Co judgment for pliff \$331  
J J Tracy vs R J Tracy judgment for pliff \$1,936.69  
Mittlestadt vs Farran default against deft.  
Burr vs Weatherholt (closure as prayed)  
Occid' B & L Ass'n vs Tweed foreclosure as prayed  
Ganer vs Glasson, (closure as prayed)  
Lindell vs Stromberg " "  
Equitable Mfg Co vs Hansen settled and dismissed at defendants cost  
Fuller vs Pond judgment for pliff \$1,197.75.

**OBITUARY.**  
Rennick-Rosa Olive Ringrey was born Feb. 26, at Mt. Holly, Va. and died in the M. E. Hospital at Omaha, Neb., April 5, 1898. At the age of three months she removed with her parents from Vermont to Muscatine Co., Iowa. October 18, 1891, she was married to John H. Prescott, at Durant, Ia., and three years later they removed to Pottawatomie Co., Ia. Of this union five children were born, four of whom are still living. She became a widow in 1878 and soon after removed to Wilton, Ia. Here April 1885, she was married to E. B. Bennett of Wayne county, Neb., and they immediately took up their residence in that place. To them four children were born, three of whom are still living. She united with the Congregational church at Wilton, Ia., in which she became an earnest christian worker, serving efficient terms in the choir and teaching in the Sabbath school. When the Grace M. E. church, now a part of the Winside charge, was organized in 1891, she was one of the first to give her name to the church, but also her heart and her hand to the work. She was an earnest, sincere christian, a devoted wife, a kind and loving mother, an affectionate daughter, and a true friend. She was a warm and true christian, a devoted wife, and a faithful in Jesus Christ which gave her whole life a noble purpose. In her character were combined of strength and beauty. Firm in her convictions and principles, always cheerful, even amidst the storms of adversity, and hopeful even for the future. Her friends were many, but limited only by her acquaintances. Her enemies were none. She possessed the sweetest and purest heart which could be found in the praise of man. In this, as well as in many other ways, will she be missed by us. She was taken to the aid and entered the hospital at Omaha, Neb., here she underwent a surgical operation a few days later. This seemed to give the needed relief, and it was hoped that she would be able to return to her home and friends, but on the morning of the 5th of April, as the sun mounted the sky, the angel of the Lord swept over-pow and gave her wings to depart. Great was the sorrow that settled upon many hearts when the sad and startling news reached her home community that she was gone. All felt that a foundation stone in the community was removed, that a pillar in the church had fallen, and that a life upon which many lives leaned was taken away. Yet amid this sorrow and gloom there shines the blooming hope of immortality, and eternal life for all who feel that "she is not dead but sleepeth." How gladly would loved ones have ministered to her in her last earthly hours, but they were not permitted so to do; she passed away in the hands of strangers. The funeral services were held at the M. E. church in Wayne, Neb., April 7th, and consisted of a text I Kings 7-22, and Rev. 9-12. Interment was made in the western cemetery. She leaves behind her eight children, an aged father and mother, and one brother, who deeply feel their great loss. A host of loving friends sympathize with the bereaved.

The two-year old son of W. Furgolop of Bolton, Miss., had whopping cough. After several physicians had prescribed for him, without giving relief, writes Mr. Ferguson, "I persuaded my wife to try a 25 cent bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. The first dose had the desired effect, and in 48 hours he was entirely free from all cough. I consider your remedy the best in the market, especially for children and recommend it at all times. The 25 and 50 cent sizes for sale by L. P. Orth, druggist.

**40 Cases Mens and Boys Shoes to be opened up this week, from \$1.00 up. Harrington & Robbins.**

**A NOBBY LINE OF CAPS for Misses and Children at Ahern's.**  
April 22 is Arbor day. Plant trees.  
Dr. Ivory, Dentist, Wayne, Neb.  
The Racket for full line spring shoes, Levi Diltz was up from Wakefield Tuesday.  
J. D. King went to Bloomfield last evening.  
Dr. Hammond went to Wakefield Tuesday afternoon.  
John T. Marriott of Wakefield, was in the City Wednesday.  
ELEGANT DRESS SHOES at \$2.00, \$2.50 and \$3.00. MAUTE'S SHOE STORE.  
Early Sunrise seed potatoes for sale at Henry Hodson's four miles southeast of Wayne.  
Chris Sedow shipped a car of cattle and Perry & Porterfield a car of hogs yesterday.  
The commissioners have been looking after the bridges in Sherman precinct this week.  
Thousands of sufferers from grippe have been restored to health by One Minute Cough Cure. It quickly cures coughs, colds, bronchitis, pneumonia, grippe, asthma and all throat and lung diseases. L. P. Orth.

The following is a list of letters, etc., remaining in the post-office for week ending Apr. 12, '98: Chas. G. Bragg, Miss Lizzie Cline, Frank Crowley, H. J. Gold, Chase Kelley. Parties calling for above give date when advertised.

A sixteen-year-old son of Mr. Westarhouse who lives seven miles southwest of town was the victim of a nasty accident last Friday afternoon. The young man was attacked by an enraged bull and thrown into the wire fence, giving him an ugly tear in the groin and numerous cuts on the hands and body. Dr. Leisenring made a hasty trip to the place and dressed the wounds, and thinks he will recover with no serious results.—Democrat.

**A LIBRARY.**  
Proposed to Establish a Branch of the Traveling Library.  
(Worthington, Minn. Herald, Mar. 11.)  
Col. E. P. Richardson, of Chicago, is now in our city and proposes to establish a branch of the University of the Traveling Library here.  
The plan is practically the same as that in vogue in Boston, Chicago and other large cities; that is, a Central Library is divided up into sections or divisions and sent to different parts of the city, but in this case of course the Central Library is at the home office and the sections are placed in different towns.  
A catalogue of the University of the Traveling Library has been examined by the editor. It lists 1,000 books and comprises, we believe as complete and interesting a set of books as we have ever seen. Certainly the character of the books is ahead of anything that has ever been circulated in this part of the country.  
The membership is remarkably reasonable, making it within the reach of every citizen.  
The membership list is being rapidly filled, and those desiring scholarships therein should communicate at once with Col. Richardson at the Western Hotel.  
Mr. Richardson is in Wayne this week and will establish a library here. He is staying at the Boyd hotel.

Evidently some people expected the President's message to blow the Spanish people off the face of the earth, collect indemnity for the Maine disaster, stop the war, shoot the stuffing out of Moro castle, tear the Spanish torpedo boat flotilla to flinders, sink the Canary Islands, and do the whole business all at one fell swoop.

This is a hot time for the Spaniards and the rainy season will soon begin in Cuba, but Spanish reign of the island will soon be over. In fact, the beginning thereof occurred with the arrival of the Queen's armistice, on Monday.

If Fitzhugh Lee is such a great man, evidently President McKinley knows a thing or two or he wouldn't have selected him to represent this administration in Cuba.

Two thousand women offered their services as women sailors for the regular navy to Assistant Secretary Roosevelt and as a result he was obliged to retreat.

**Application for Liquor License.**  
Matter of the application of Frank Kruger for a saloon license.  
Notice is hereby given that Frank Kruger did, on the 13th day of April, 1898, file his application to the Mayor and City Council of the city of Wayne, Nebraska, for license to sell malt, spirituous and vinous liquors in the First Ward of the City of Wayne, Nebraska, from time license is taken out to the first Tuesday in May, 1899.  
If there be no objection, remonstrance or protest filed within two weeks from the 13th day of April, 1898, the said license will be granted.  
EVERETT LAUGHLIN, City Clerk.

**Application for Liquor License.**  
Matter of the application of Herman Midlner for a saloon license.  
Notice is hereby given that Herman Midlner did, on the 11th day of April, 1898, file his application to the Mayor and City Council of the city of Wayne, Nebraska, for license to sell malt, spirituous and vinous liquors in the First Ward of the City of Wayne, Nebraska, from the time license is taken out to the first Tuesday in May, 1899.  
If there is no objection, remonstrance or protest filed within two weeks from the 11th day of April, 1898, the said license will be granted.  
EVERETT LAUGHLIN, City Clerk.

**ELI JONES, PALACE LIVERY STABLE**  
On Second Street one-half block east of Main.  
WAYNE, NEBRASKA

**Not what you Make**  
But what you can Save  
During the year.

People who trade with us are positively gainers, because we have the right goods at the right prices.

**In Boys Clothing:**  
We not only equal but excell in both price and quality. Mothers, bring in your boys, we can fit them out from head to foot, with Suit, Cap, Underwear, Hosiery and Shoes. We also have a fine line of

**Ladies Shoes in both Lace and Button**  
that we are offering at very low prices, and we will not only Repair the rips, but guarantee them NOT TO RIP. We have a full and complete line of everything; come in and see you will be convinced.

**WILSON BROS.**

**POTATOES!**

I have 400 bushels of Potatoes which I wish to dispose of at once. Those who need Potatoes will do well to call 1 1/2 miles south and 2 miles west of Wayne.

**R. E. TABOR.**

**RIGHT YOU ARE!**

When you are hungry it is right and proper that you should get something good to eat. The place to go is where you can get just what you want, just as much as you want and just at the time you want it. Go to

**R. P. Williams' Restaurant,**  
East Side Main Street, Wayne, Neb.

**CHACE & NEELY,**  
Dealers in  
**Shelf and Heavy Hardware!**  
Field Seeds,  
Garden Seeds.

West Side Main Street Wayne, Nebraska.

**OTTO VOGET**  
Plumber, Steam and Gas Fitter.  
DEALER IN  
**PUMPS, PIPES, BATH TUBS, SINKS,**  
Closets, Hose, Hose Reel, Sprinklers, and all kinds of Steam and Gas Fitting Supplies.  
Also Dealer in Tinware and Graniteware.  
Agent for the Buffington Acetylene Gas Company.  
East of German Store. Wayne, Nebraska.

**JNO. H. O'HARA,**  
DEALER IN FINE  
**Wines and Liquors.**  
**SCHLITZ BEER,**  
Cigars and Smokers Goods.

J. W. JONES, PRESIDENT.  
HENRY LEY, CASHIER.  
C. A. CHACE, Vice-Pres.

**THE STATE BANK OF WAYNE**  
Will do a General Banking Business.

INTEREST PAID ON TIME DEPOSITS.

Capital Stock Paid In, \$75,000.  
Wayne, Nebraska.

W. F. MORRIS,  
**ATTORNEY AT LAW,**  
WAYNE, NEBR.  
Office over the Racket Store.

A. A. WELCH  
**ATTORNEY AT LAW,**  
WAYNE, NEB.  
Office over the Citizens' Bank.

H. G. LEISENRING, M. D.  
**Physician & Surgeon.**  
WAYNE, NEBRASKA.  
Office over Hughes & Locke's Store. Local surgeon for the C. & O. R. R., and the Union Pacific Railway.

J. J. WILLIAMS, M. D.  
**Physician & Surgeon.**  
WAYNE, NEB.  
Office over Wayne National Bank. Residence one block west of the Presbyterian church.

**THE CITIZENS' BANK.**  
INCORPORATED.  
Capital and undivided Profits, \$100,000  
A. L. Tucker, President; E. D. Mitchell, Vice Pres't; D. C. Main, Cashier; Gilbert French, Asst. Cashier.  
Directors:—E. D. Mitchell, A. A. Welch, J. S. French, D. C. Main, G. E. French, A. L. Tucker, James Paul.  
General Banking Business Done

**WAYNE MEAT MARKET.**  
ROE & FORTNER, Props.  
New brick west of the State Bank of Wayne on Second Street.  
First-Class Meats Kept Constantly on Hand. Fish and Poultry in Season.  
Also Dealers in Hides and Furs.

**G. W. RILEY,**  
**ATTORNEY AT LAW.**  
Farm Loans at 7 per cent. net.  
Farm Insurance in Six Companies.  
WAYNE, NEBRASKA.

**Edward S. Blair, M. D.**  
WAYNE, NEBRASKA.  
OFFICE OVER NORTH'S DRUGSTORE.  
Residence One Block East of Opera House.

**B. F. FEATHER,**  
NOTARY PUBLIC.  
Land Loans and Insurance.  
Conveyancing a Speciality.  
WAYNE, NEBRASKA.

**CARROLL.**  
A. J. Ferguson was in town Monday.  
J. R. Manning was at Wausa Monday.  
Goldie was doing the town Wednesday.  
Miss Manning went to Wayne Friday for a short visit.

John T. Marriott was over from Wakefield Monday.  
R. D. Merrill was at Wayne the first of the week on the jury.  
Thos Shannon was over from Hoskins Saturday morning.  
Carter Cox was quite severely injured by a kick from a horse Monday.

Sam Hurlbert, S. W. Sassman and F. A. Berry were at Wayne Monday, on legal business.  
W. H. Billiter shipped a car load of hogs of his own raising to Sioux City Thursday morning.

The entertainment at the hall Friday night netted about \$7; proceeds to go for the benefit of the Cuban sufferers.  
Mrs. Harris, grandmother of Robert and J. W. Jones, died on Sunday and was laid to rest in the Welsh cemetery Tuesday.

A fine rain commenced falling Tuesday morning and lasted for several hours. It will be a good thing for growing crops.

**WINSIDE.**  
Sam H. Alexander was in Winside Tuesday night.  
E. N. Cullen went to Wayne Wednesday morning.  
George and John Gabler visited with their parents over Sunday.

Wm. Gue, B. W. Gue and Tom Lound have been attending court this week.  
A. B. Clarke, Frank Brower and Wm. Hart went to Wayne Wednesday a. m.

C. B. French Jr. came over from Soc City Tuesday night to visit W. M. Gue and wife.  
We have just enjoyed a bountiful rain which is just what the newly sown wheat and oats have needed.

D. J. Cavanaugh has been in Wayne this week in the interest of the Deering Harvester Co. by which he is at present employed.  
A. W. Cross of Jerseyville, Ill., arrived in Winside Monday evening to look after his land interests in this vicinity while visiting Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Gue.

Dr. Mulrhead accompanied Mrs. Elizabeth Farran and her husband Joseph Farran, to Norfolk the first of this week where Mrs. Farran had a very delicate and dangerous surgical operation performed.  
The recent high winds have had a tendency to uncover much of the small grain, or blow it from the hills into the hollows. It was difficult to get the seed properly covered on account of the ground being frozen.

E. J. Moran has accepted a position as brakeman on the C. St. P. M. & O. Ry. and is now twisting brakes and turning switches with neatness and dispatch. It will not surprise us to see "Ted" conductor within a few years as he is capable and faithful.

**HUNTER.**  
Mayor Ley of Wayne, was visiting in these parts last Sunday.  
There was a dance at L. E. Palmer's last Saturday night and a good crowd was present.